

OLD HINTS

Roast or boil meat over as hot a fire as possible.

All relations, except those to affection, are required acknowledgment.

Cold cream is an odd but a fairly new feature of the toilet table.

Boiled water tastes flat and insipid because the gases it contained have been driven off by the heat.

Plain white paper, unruled, that only requires folding once to fit in the envelope, is always in good taste.

Numbered with imported novelties is a silver toast rack which can be adjusted to the ordinary coffee cup. It accommodates two slices of toast.

If the crackers served with soups and broths are lightly buttered and then placed in the oven and browned, they are much more appetizing.

If hot meats and soups are covered before they are perfectly cold they will surely spoil; the hot air must have a place to escape or the meat will be affected.

When riding the wheel, "keep within your powers." Whether the wheel be ridden for pleasure or for health, moderation is to be observed and fatigue avoided.

To clean the scalp beat up the yolk of an egg in half a pint of warm rain water and rub it into the skin with a piece of sponge. Afterward rinse the hair with warm water.

Bladderdown comforts are apt to lose their lightness after considerable use. To restore them beat well with a rattan beater, and hang on the line a few hours in a strong wind.

Pineapple should always be served in a glass dish either cut in thin, round slices, or into cubes sprinkled with sugar. One gill of white wine to a quart of the fruit will improve it immensely.

In cleaning straw matting it is best to wipe it off with a cloth dampened in warm salt water. Indian meal is good for cleaning matting. Sprinkle the meal over the floor and then have it thoroughly swept out.

White suede slippers may be cleaned with equal parts of alum and Fuller's earth. Apply to the slippers with a dry brush and rub them until clean. For glace kid slippers use gasoline and apply it with a flannel cloth.

Bread that has been cut in slices and becomes stale may be freshened by laying the slices together and folding a damp napkin around them; put the napkin in a paper bag and place the bag in a hot oven for fifteen minutes.

Impure air and overheated rooms are a fertile source of wrinkles. The nerves of the face are deadened by close and impure air, the fine muscles lose their tone, the tissue of the face shrinks and these shrinkages become wrinkles.

Grapes are excellent for leanness, therefore may be indulged in freely, and in the winter small doses of cod liver oil, commencing with a teaspoonful immediately after a meal, will often assist materially in producing flesh.

Young carrots make an excellent salad sliced and served very cold on crisp lettuce with a French dressing, and served in cream sauce containing minced parsley or in drawn butter seasoned with lemon juice, salt and white pepper.

Autumn Fashions for Men.

There are fewer modifications in men's dress for the autumn and winter of 1896-7 than there have been for several years. Golf and cycling, perhaps, have had the lion's share of these. The Norfolk jacket has been replaced by the sack-coat for both of the pastimes, and a man may leave his office and with a very few changes of costume can emerge from, say, Wall street, as an example, to the downs of Long Island and a full-fledged golfer, or he fully equipped for his afternoon spin on his wheel. As in previous years the knickerbocker was gradually discarded for riding costume in the city during the afternoon, so will it disappear from the cyclist's wardrobe. The "knicker" is picturesque in summer, and in the vacation season it has been the predominant feature of man's sporting and negligence costume. In winter, unless one lives in the country, the prevailing American idea is to change rapidly, without any apparent effort, from every-day dress to that adapted for any pastime or specialty. The leather strap used to keep down long trousers in riding has also found its way into the outfit of the wheelman and golfer. In fact, unless one belongs to a club and is obliged to don a dress of a peculiar cut, it is considered only the mark of an amateur and a greenhorn to appear in a rig for the occasion. At a match this is another story, but ordinarily the very caddies will laugh at you. The club uniforms are, however, quite varied.

The cloth which is to be used for lounge, morning, or business suits this autumn must therefore be as appropriate for golf or wheeling as for the office or the street. Tweeds and chevrons still lead, the colors in favor being grays and browns, and the ever-useful shepherd's plaid. In London the browns have had their day, and the prevailing note in color is gray. There have been already seen in this country some very smart lounge suits made of gray worsted. There is no change in the shape of the sack-coat, which is, as it was last year, rather loose to the figure. The trousers are ordinarily wide. The official measurements are about nineteen inches around the knee, and about seventeen and a-half about the instep.—Harper's Bazar.

Green Corn Pudding.

Take of sweet corn fourteen ears—with a knife split the grains lengthwise of the cob. Then scrape out the pulp; to this add two tablespoonfuls of butter, one of sugar, three of flour, three eggs, one pint rich milk, a little salt. Spice to suit taste. Bake from thirty to forty minutes.

The Prevailing Shade.

The shade known as wild duck, that striking combination of blue and green, that recalls the soft breast of the bird, will be seen all winter. In silk for waists and for petticoats and trimmings it will hold its own with all the curious color combinations autumn advises predict.

THE GIRLS LEFT BEHIND.

There Are Wounded Hearts That Will Know No Rest Until the Boys Return.

This is the period of tears, fond farewells, mothers' blessings and sweethearts' last embraces. It is the spectacle of sorrow that every generation is reasonably certain to witness.

With the long roll of the drum, the tramp of booted feet and the steady marching of valiant heroes who go to Cuba to fight, to bleed to die for the flag, there are countless women's sobbings, there are endless wounded hearts that will know no rest, no peace, until the boys in blue tramp back to the tune of "When Johnny Comes Marching Home," instead of the old refrain, "The Girl I Left Behind Me."

Not since '61 has this nation stood on the brink of strife, and the old battle times that used to put blood and vitality into the defenders of the nation have become almost mere traditions. The generation which lived then has whitened and grown wrinkled with age and their last hours promised to be peaceful. But the same spirit that sent the men into the field then hot-footed and ripe for war is upon the nation now and the same scenes of sad separations are being enacted over again.

Every man who will march in the field, every man who will stand at the guns on the battlefields, every horseman who will plunge into the fight to avenge the dead and to preserve the living must bid some loved ones goodbye. It may be a wife, a mother, a sweetheart or sons and daughters, perhaps only friends.

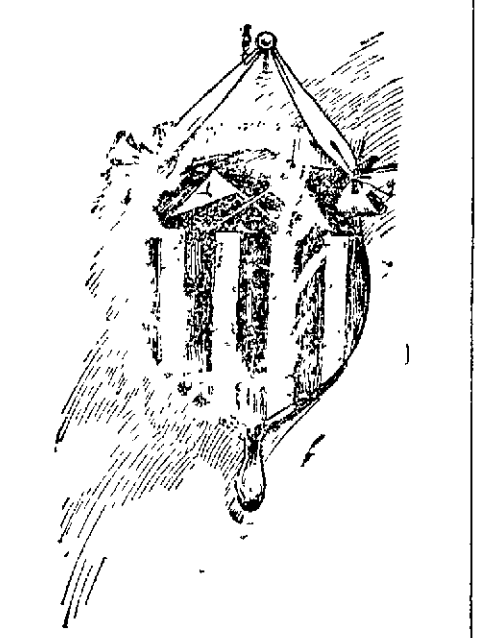
The denets, the boats, the highways and every hamlet and village and town must be the scene of these farewells. True American women do not stand on the threshold and bar the way to patriotic men who would drop the plough or the hammer or the pen and follow the flag in its defence. Women who love truly would much prefer to kiss, for the last time, the lips of a hero, and then send him into battle with a strong heart than to be the instrument that had coaxed a willing coward to stay behind.

Girls whose hearts are tender with the love and devotion of maidenhood, become strong women at the tap of the drum and the sound of martial music, and the men who share such love can only keep it through bravery. Who knows but that many a soldier or marine, who welcomes the echo of war, and who goes to the front light hearted and exultant at the prospect of strife within a fortnight be streched with other comrades in a trench dug in Cuban soil already stained with the blood of heroes fighting for liberty?

In an hour after our troops land on the devastated island, hundreds may drop to earth, and lips that but a few days before were pressed to those of a sweetheart or a betrothed wife will give voice to a blessing on the loved ones before the spark goes out.

But there is always hope that the girl who is left behind will see her brave soldier boy come back to her, battle-scarred and weary, but alive, and the hope that upon his shoulders there will be the epaulets of an officer, and on the open page of history a name that belongs to her.

Here is an illustration of a paper-rack made by an ardent lady admirer of the Yale College boys. A more recent



article has made its appearance, made in the same general style, but combining the national colors, and the Cuban flag.

Little Sermons to Women.

Woman's helpfulness in the home is of eternal influence. The scepter and crown of the monarch fall and are forgotten before the power of a faithful woman is nullified. "The hand that rocks the cradle rules the world." The lips that sing lullabies have a train of influence that no man can trace. Woman in her God-ordained state is an angel of light, but her loveliness perverted draws men downward. I spoke yesterday of the cheerfulness of a woman, to-day I write of her helpfulness. The memory of mother, sister, wife or sweetheart is of the noblest inspiration. Men have braved great dangers for the approval of their loved one. What is a woman's mission to the earth? To give forth to a heartless world the divine light, to heal where men are wounded, and to help where hearts are burdened. Her mission is one of helpfulness.

In a place somewhere in every honest man's life there is a longing for the tender solicitude of a good woman, to know that her hand is near to bind, her heart is ready to sympathize, her eyes are bright with hope. Her price is above rubies. What millionaire would not part with his gold for the woman he loves? What laborer would exchange his sweetheart for the gold of Klondike? A true woman brings an honest man the best things he ever hopes to have. The power of helpfulness is the power of love. With a nod, a word, a look she can make or mar a life.

Sheltering his life under her loving heart, guiding his feet by her intuitive wisdom, keeping his love with her confidence, blessing his life and work with a knowledge of her purity. God-given, God-blessed, a benediction.—Rev. R. H. P. Miles.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

An Afternoon In... at the Home of Mrs. Browne.

The home of Mrs. Browne. Mrs. Browne. Mrs. Smythe. Mrs. Browne—"So glad you called. I was thinking of you when I heard the bell. I was so afraid Jane would say I wasn't home."

Mrs. Smythe—"She did."

Mrs. Browne—"Did she? That girl! But, of course, she knew better when she saw who it was?"

Mrs. Smythe—"She knew better when I told her I saw you through the window."

Mrs. Browne—"Dear me. That shade is out of order. I must have it fixed at once. And how are you all?"

Mrs. Smythe—"Quite well, thanks. And you?"

Mrs. Browne—"Much the same. And how is dear Willie?"

Mrs. Smythe—"He's well. I just met him on his tandem with your Tessie. It's a strictly boy's tandem, too."

Mrs. Browne—"Dear, dear, what a trial that girl is. You are so fortunate in having nothing but boys."

Mrs. Smythe—"Well, I don't know. My George slipped away and enlisted, Jim insists upon going into a summer opera chorus and Willie breaks at least one window a day."

Mrs. Browne—"Isn't the war dreadful?"

Mrs. Smythe—"I suppose it must be. Ezra says he made a handsome thing out of his wheat deal last week."

Mrs. Browne—"I wish Paul had gone into wheat instead of that miserable Klondike. He's got money tied up that I don't suppose he'll ever get back."

Mrs. Smythe—"Our old gardener has turned up at Seattle with a big fortune in dust. Ezra saw the account in a San Francisco paper."

Mrs. Browne—"Just think of it! A mere gardener picking up a fortune in that way."

Mrs. Smythe—"He wasn't any good as gardener. Did you let your cool go?"

Mrs. Browne—"I just couldn't. She is the hatefullest thing you ever saw, but I don't know where I'd ever get an other that suited me as well. You let your second girl go, didn't you?"

Mrs. Smythe—"Yes, she was too pretty. Funny about Mary Clemmer getting her divorce suit advanced, wasn't it?"

Mrs. Browne—"I didn't hear."

Mrs. Smythe—"Said she had an offer to go on the stage as soon as she got it."

Mrs. Browne—"How funny! What are you going to do about the bonnet question?"

Mrs. Smythe—"French bonnets?"

Mrs. Browne—"Yes. Lots of the women are getting their names in print. I don't suppose you care much either way?"

Mrs. Smythe—"No. Mme. Squeezer has all my bonnets. I've no doubt she follows the French patterns, but I don't believe that has any effect on the war."

Mrs. Browne—"That's a lovely hat you have on."

Mrs. Smythe—"It's a hat Mme. Squeezer sent up because she didn't have my new one quite ready. It's an old standby in her borrowing stock. I've had it before."

Mrs. Browne—"Must you go?"

Mrs. Smythe—"Yes. I've paid you quite a visit. I've got on a tight shoe and when I get my foot in a comfortable position I hate to move. Goodbye. Come and see me soon."

Mrs. Browne—"Yes, I will. So good of you to call. Goodbye."

Fashion Notes.

The drill jacket when worn open presents a decided military air.

Creme de chine and velvet are combined on evening toilets.

Pointed ornaments turning down from a yoke are among the decorative features of a tea-gown.

The short mantle of other days is recalled in the shawl cape, with circular outline forming a fringe at the centre.

A deep, round yoke and a double Bertha are points of interest in the Tudor waist.

White herge over white taffeta and trimmed with white satin ribbon and white chiffon makes a lovely summer dress.

Fullness, though not of the blouse order, appears in the fronts of a shirt waist with a pointed yoke applied on the back.

Many of the smartest street costumes are elaborately trimmed with Goff hand, some of the skirts showing as many as twenty rows.

The redingote style of dress is to be very much worn for spring walking costumes, and a full front in the waist, caught down with a belt, is one of the features.

Sashes of white satin ribbon are worn with pale gray and light lawn gowns. The ends are cut round and trimmed with some sort of lace, point, possibly, if you can find it.

Old Things.

We all long for new, fresh articles just from the shops, and glory in having on hand a large supply of "new things." But do we often stop to think of the merits of the old things? What would life be with everything brand new, and with no deliciously easy and ancient belongings? Who does not want the comfort of old shoes, of half worn gloves that slip on easily and quickly, of soft handkerchiefs used so long that they are a luxury to the touch, of the loose waist that allows the arms free play, of towels that do not abrade the tenderest skin, of linen pillow-cases that are so old as to be smooth and cooling to the fever-flushed cheek? A bride once told me that when she moved into the house her husband had prepared for her she had everything new. "It was misery, in spite of the beauty of it all!" she declared. "Not an old handkerchief or towel or shoe in the house! And when the maid asked me for old cloths with which to wipe the windows, I was in despair. I wrote to my dear mother: 'Send me a box full of rags with which to polish mirrors and dust bric-a-brac—anything so long as it is old!'"—Harper's Bazar.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood. If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle by mail. Home of Swamp-Root, free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

CURES THE COUGH.

A pleasant, never-failing remedy for throat and lung diseases.

Sellers' Imperial Cough Syrup

is absolutely free from spirituous or other harmful ingredients. A prompt, positive cure for coughs, colds, hoarseness, influenza, whooping cough.

Over a million bottles sold in the last few years at this popularity.

W. J. GILMORE CO. PITTSBURG, PA.

At all Druggists. 25c and 50c.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

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Visit this Historical Island, which is the grandest summer resort on the Great Lakes. It only costs about \$13 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, amusements, bath rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamer on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit, and Cleveland and Put-In-Bay. The palatial equipment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHWARTZ, G. P. A., D. & C., Detroit, Mich.

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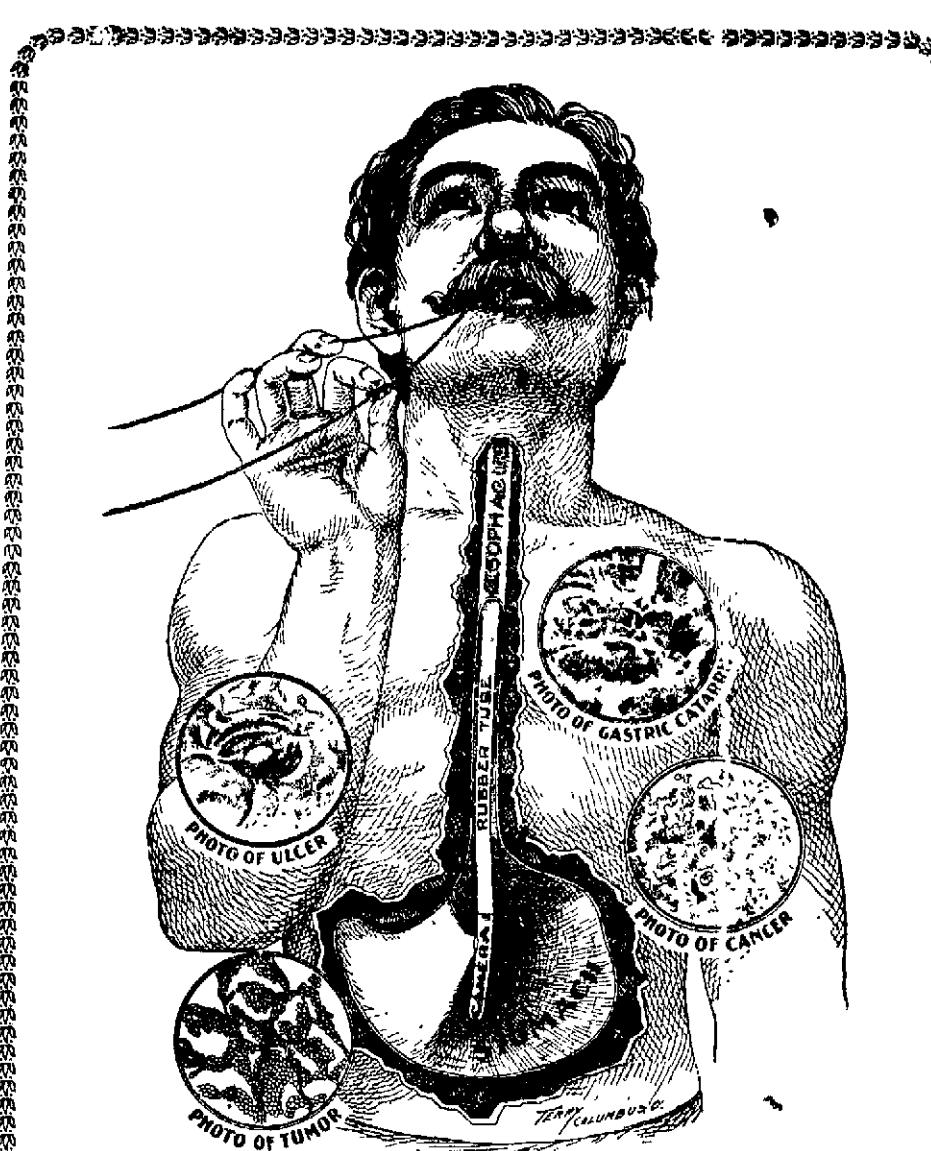
CURES CATARRH, ASTHMA, HAY FEVER, COLIC, MUMPS, CHOLERA, CROUP, CROUP, CROUP, FIRE & SUN BURN, CHAFING, BURNS & TIRED FEET, CHAPPED FACE, LIPS & HANDS, SAFE REMEDY FOR PILES.

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Latest Triumph—Photographing the Interior of the Stomach.

HAVE YOU STOMACH DISEASE?

Do you bloat?
Do you feel sick?
Is your tongue coated?
Are you nervous?
Do you belch up gas?
Are you constipated?
Does your stomach hurt?
Do you feel faint at times?
Do you cough up phlegm?
Do you have a weak, tired exhausted feeling?
Is there a full, dull heavy feeling in the stomach?
Do you have an empty "all gone" feeling at times?

If these are some of your symptoms you may be sure you have **CATARH OF THE STOMACH.**

Dr. Kutchin has a new and wonderful treatment discovered by himself, that cures this disease.

He Guarantees a Cure in Every Curable Case.

His Prices Are Within the Reach of All.

See him before it is too late, and this awful disease has made you an incurable wreck, or hurried you to an untimely grave. DR. KUTCHIN has visited this country regularly for the past eight years.

He has performed thousands of wonderful cures. There is hardly a community in the State of Ohio that can not point to some one strong and well who was once given up to die, but was cured and restored to friends and family by this skillful Specialist.

He ONLY treats CHRONIC DISEASES.

Eye and Ear, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Sick Headache, Nervous Debility, Spasmodic, Fits, Piles, Gout, Diseases of Children, Liver Disease, Lost Manhood, Diseases of Women, Impotency, Varicocele.

HE CURES TUMORS without the knife.

IF HE CAN'T CURE YOU HE WILL TELL YOU SO.

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Chicago and North-Western Railway.

THEY WILL AGREE

Miners and Operators will
Come Together.

OPINION OF J. C. HARING.

A Massillon Operator Who Has Just Returned from Indianapolis Does Not Think There will be a Strike—Why the Operators are so Opposed to the Run-of-Mine System.

J. C. Haring, of the Pocock Coal Company, who was one of the Massillon district operators' delegates to the joint conference at Indianapolis, returned to the city on Saturday. W. J. Mullins, of Wooster, has also returned. The Massillon district delegates who remain are W. R. Woodford, general manager of the C. L. & W. Railway Company and various coal concerns, and Captain J. M. Drake, of the Drake Coal Company. M. D. Ratchford, of this city, formerly national president of the miners' organization, has also returned from Indianapolis. He will go to Washington, Tuesday, to rejoin the industrial commission. Mr. Haring feels that the situation justifies the belief that the miners and operators will eventually come to an understanding.

"I do not think that the price agreed upon will be either the one demanded or the one offered," said Mr. Haring, "but it will be a compromise, both sides conceding something. The operators, however, will not agree to the institution of the run-of-mine system. The Illinois operators have had one year of it, and they are determined not to have another. It has proved most unsatisfactory, and I think that the more reasonable of the miners' delegates realize this. The chief reason of the operators for opposing the run-of-mine system is that it always results in an inferior product, which does not find the same market as the coal mined under the lump system. Miners, when they know that they will be paid for every ounce of coal raised to the surface, so the experience of the Illinois operators has shown, become careless, not mining their coal with a view to producing the marketable product, but in the way that means the filling of the great number of cars."

Mr. Haring says that delegates who attended the Chicago conference two years ago and are now in attendance at Indianapolis state that the two sides, at present, are no farther, if as far, apart as they were at the same stage of the 1898 meeting. Therefore, both sides are hopeful. The operators seem to regard the miners' threat to strike or the run-of-mine system a strong bluff. Despite the fact that the conference has been in progress for almost a week, Mr. Haring says that it is hardly commenced.

RURAL DELIVERY.

A Postoffice Inspector Says it will be Established.

The agitation begun by residents of western Stark county, some time ago, for the establishment of a system of rural mail delivery in this section, aided by the untiring endeavors of Congressman Taylor, from present indications is soon to be productive of good results. I. G. Blackman, of Washington, special agent of the postoffice department, spent several days in looking over the lay of the roundabout land last week, returning on Saturday. Before leaving he stated that his report would embody a

recommendation for the appointment of carriers for territory lying north, west and south of Massillon. Mr. Blackman found the need of the system in this vicinity, densely populated as it is, very evident. As to the time when the delivery would begin, he could advance no definite information, beyond that it would be no later than July. The appropriation for this purpose, for the first six months of the year, has been almost exhausted, thus making its institution in this section before that time extremely doubtful.

How many carriers will be appointed is not yet known. All mail will be received by them from the Massillon office, one delivery per day being made. The salary for the position, for which there will doubtless soon be numerous applicants, is \$400 per year. Added to the fact that the carriers are allowed in addition to this, to follow any such vocations as will not interfere with the proper performance of their duties, it will be seen that worse positions are to be found. The men are also allowed to perform errands for people along their routes, although the handling of any mailable matter, in anything but the latter form, is strictly forbidden.

BOYS STILL FIRM.

Glass Factory Strike by
No Means Broken.

FACTORIES IN OPERATION.

Bottles were Blown in Two of the Buildings Today, but it is Not Likely That Anything will be Done Tonight—A Statement from the Firm.

Two of Reed & Company's glass factories are in operation today, the work of the striking carrying-in boys being done by the ware boys, yard hands and other laborers. Five of the strikers went to work Monday morning, but they left the factory at about eight o'clock, and joined their companions, who had congregated in the near vicinity. The boys were orderly and did not remain long about the works. It is not likely that the factories will be operated tonight. The following statement was today made by the firm:

In regard to the strike which occurred at our factories last Wednesday we wish to state that the wages being paid by us are as much as our competitors are paying; such being the case, we are not prepared to grant the advance of fifteen cents per day which our boys demand, for were we to do so it would simply bar us from securing business, and force us to close down our works. When our boys can prove to us that others in our line of manufacture are paying more than we are for the same work, it won't be necessary for them to go on a strike to secure such pay, but when they demand more than is being paid by our competitors, we must refuse the demand for the reasons above stated. We are prepared to pay sixty cents per day for the class of work done by these boys—full payment to be made every Tuesday. If any of our old boys do not wish to work for us at this price we will make an effort to replace them, but as they are now out of our employ, we will not permit them to molest or intimidate any we may employ. REED & CO.

CAUSE A WRECK.

Small Boys Accused of Stealing Railway Ballast.

Special Officer Joseph Smith, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway, has come to Massillon to ask the authorities to assist him in breaking up the practice of small boys stealing iron ballast from along the tracks. "These scraps of iron are mixed with the slag," said Mr. Smith, "and they are quite necessary for the ballast. If they were all to be removed, the tracks would be so weakened that a wreck could not be avoided. There is a law which forbids junk dealers buying scrap iron from minors, and I intend to see that it is enforced in Massillon."

MR. BURTON'S SUCCESSOR.

S. W. Croxton Made President of the Penn Iron and Coal Co.

At a meeting held in Canal Dover last week, the following were elected directors of the Penn Iron and Coal Company: S. W. Croxton, of Cleveland; Prescott Burton, of Massillon; D. T. Croxton, of Canal Dover; H. C. Davis, of Philadelphia, Pa.; and C. H. Davis, of Philadelphia, Pa. S. W. Croxton, who is the father of H. A. Croxton, of this city, was elected president of the company, to succeed the late J. P. Burton, of Massillon.

HICKOX BALLY HURT.

Former Massillonan has one Arm Broken and the Other Sprained.

It is reported today that Dwight M. Hickox, of Pittsburg, formerly of this city, had met with a serious accident while loading baled hay at his present place of employment. His right arm was broken, and the left was badly sprained. Mr. Hickox has no Massillon relatives, and his friends here have received no word from him recently.

RIGHT LEG BROKEN.

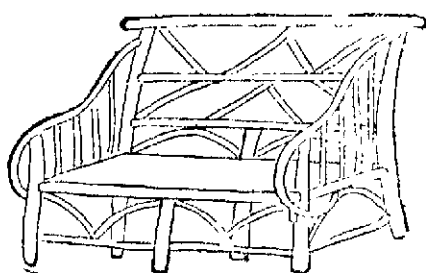
John Kennedy Caught Under a Fall of Coal in Howell's Mine.

EAST GREENVILLE, Jan. 29.—John Kennedy, a miner, residing at East Greenville, had his right leg broken above the ankle by having it caught under a heavy fall of coal while at work in the Howell's mine, near this place, Monday morning. Dr. Campbell is attending the injured man.

HOME-MADE RUSTIC WORK.

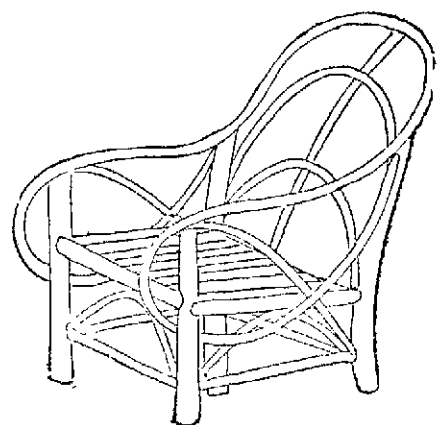
A Pleasant Occupation for the Stormy Days of Winter.

There is nothing more pleasing to the eye, or more acceptable, than a rustic chair or settle, on porch or lawn; and yet the purchase of these things is often so expensive to be impossible for the average purse. An ingenious farmer boy could, however,



readily make such articles for the adornment of the home during the days of winter when outside work is prevented. The settle here shown has a high and comfortable back and solid legs to which the seat and arms are mortised. A seat is made of round sticks shaved flat on the surface side, and the whole is well braced and graceful, as the cut shows. The arms are made from natural crooks found in the woods, the mountain laurel serving admirably.

A capacious chair can be made with seats like the settle. It has stout legs supporting the back, and the arms are well braced by crooked sticks neatly mitred and nailed in place. It possesses the advantage of being quickly made, as there are but few pieces to it. A long, lumber sapling, such as can be got by the thousand in any dense, second-growth timber, can be fastened to the back at A, carried down to the forward leg below the seat and neatly pinned or screwed on, bent over the forward leg to serve as an arm, carried back to the top of one rear post, fastened and bent around to the other, carried down to the forward post, and fastened, bent still again, and run back nearly parallel to a point on the rear post mid-way between the seat and top to correspond with the opposite side on which it started. If this chair is not to be left



in the weather, grape vines serve a speedy and satisfactory purpose. In the manufacture of camp chairs the vines of the wild grape are without parallel for this purpose. From these few suggestions other articles of furniture may be easily made; they include plant boxes, urns, fences, gateways, swings, porches, summer houses and a score of other useful and at the same time ornamental things.

Feeding Corn to Steers and Hogs.

Many stockmen claim that more beef can be produced from a given amount of corn when it is fed dry. To ascertain the merits of soaking the corn, C. C. George, son of the Kansas station (B 17) fed ten grade Shorthorn steers two and a half years old, which had been deboned as yearlings. They were fed five times daily outdoors, in two lots, sheltered by a shed on the north side of the fence wire corral. The corn was shelled and for five steers it was soaked. For roughage they were fed corn fodder, sorghum fodder, oat straw, millet hay and prairie hay. As some of the whole corn passed through the steers undigested, eight shovels were placed with each lot of steers to live on the droppings. It was found that the undigested kernels were from twenty-one hours to four days in passing through the steers. In the dry fed lot the kernels in the droppings would absorb much water, which was not the case with the lot fed on soaked corn. The five steers fed on soaked corn gained a total of 1452 pounds in 150 days on 282 bushels of corn, while the five steers fed on dry shelled corn gained only a total of 1486 pounds on 230 bushels of corn.

Owing to their better condition, the steers fed on soaked corn brought a higher price in the market than the steers fed on dry corn. There was a difference of \$25.50 in favor of soaking the corn when both the market value of the steers and the cost of their food was compared. The hog following the steers fed on soaked corn made a total gain of 635 pounds, while the hogs following the steers fed on dry corn made a total gain of 747 pounds. Thus there was a difference of 112 pounds of gain in favor of the dry corn, and the market value showed a difference of \$5.58 in favor of the hogs following the dry corn steers.

Whether it will pay to soak corn for fattening cattle depends on circumstances. This experiment indicates that steers get more nourishment out of soaked corn than they do from dry corn, and the reverse is true of the hogs which follow. It will seldom pay to soak corn when it is necessary to feed it in freezing weather. When the soaking of the corn involves more extra labor than can be done by the regular force in charge of the cattle, it will not be likely to pay. But when the feeder is so situated that the corn can be soaked at small expense, such treatment will generally pay during the warmer weather. As the extra nourishment gained is about 20 per cent, it will pay to soak corn for cattle when it can be so treated for about one-fifth of its market price.

Feeding wheat to hogs is claimed to be selling the wheat at \$1 per bushel, in the shape of pork. At the Western stock yards hogs are now selling at a higher price per pound than steers.

Better be right than conquer in an argument. Better bear the assumptions of ignorant men than waste your dearly bought experience on fools.

GOLD DUST

The Best
Washing Powder.
Cleans Everything from Cellar to Garret.

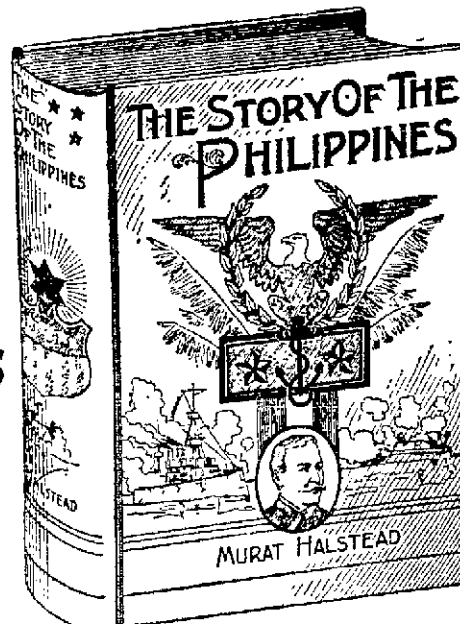
THE BOOK OF THE YEAR

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY takes great pleasure in announcing that it has made an arrangement with one of the largest publishing houses in the East, by the terms of which it is enabled to furnish its readers with the most interesting and valuable book published in the United States since the opening of the Spanish-American War—a book which should be in every household. This great book is

The Story of the Philippines

By that famous journalist,

Murat Halstead.



On receipt of the news of the destruction of the Spanish fleet at Manila, the government decided to at once send a competent man to the islands in the capacity of Military Historian, and Mr. Halstead was the first man to whom the position was tendered. With letters from President McKinley and Secretary Alger, asking for him the good offices of all naval and military officials, he started on his mission, and "The Story of the Philippines" tells how faithfully he performed the work allotted him.

"The Story of the Philippines" is a graphic and comprehensive recital by pen and pencil of America's glorious victory at Manila, an officially authentic description of the islands, a clear presentation of their history, their people, products, resources, government, schools, churches—and all information concerning our new possessions which intelligent readers desire to know.

The book is profusely illustrated with half-tone engravings, all from photographs taken by the government photographers. It contains more than four hundred pages, printed on fine tinted paper and bound in handsome cover. It is one of the most attractive books of the year, and its appearance corresponds with the material value of the volume.

The subscription price of the work is \$2.50. By ordering in large quantities, the Independent Company is prepared to make this extraordinary offer to its readers:

THE BOOK and ONE YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION
TO THE SEMI-WEEKLY INDEPENDENT

\$1.75

All subscriptions to be paid in advance. As this offer will only be open for a limited time, all orders should be sent in promptly.

Specimen Copies can be seen at "The Independent" Office
MASSILLON, O.

OMENS ILL AND GOOD.

The bride who finds a spider on her wedding dress may consider herself blessed.

The bride who dreams of fairies the night before her marriage will be twice blessed.

Ship marriages are considered anything but lucky. Got married on land, or don't get married at all.

No bride or groom should be given a telegram while on the way to church. It is positively a sign of evil.

Upon retiring, the bride should place her stockings under her pillow. This will certainly insure good luck.

Don't wear an opal in getting married. Some people declare that opals are lucky. History proves the contrary.

The bride who would be rich should slip a gold dollar into each shoe or slipper just before she enters the church.

No bridal couple should at once venture from land. Stay on terra firma for at least a week. You will not regret it.

If the groom carry a miniature horseshoe in his pocket he will always have good luck. This is a good thing to remember.

If many children you would have, hops instead of rice should be sprinkled upon the heads of the young couple just married.

The girl who wishes to get married should never whistle at the table. Every time she does she drives a lover further away from her.

To receive a proposal of marriage in a horse car or in any other public place means that your married life will be attended by unpleasant notoriety.

If you can possibly avoid it, don't postpone your wedding. Better be wedded on a sick bed than defer the ceremony. Love and Hymen cure many ills.

Kiss a bride right after the ceremony, and before the newly made husband has had a chance to do so, and you will have excellent luck throughout the year.

Maidens eager to wed should give dishwater heated to the boiling point a wide berth. It means that they will not marry for a long time, if they attempt to cleanse dishes in water so hot.

The rustic lover who sees a snake when on his way to propose to his sweetheart should turn back and propose some other time; for let him know that a snake is an omen of exceeding ill import.

All brides should remember that it the couple about to be wedded do not stand close together evil spirits will creep between them and cast an ugly spell over their future fortunes.

Night weddings are better than none yet they are by no means the best. The bride whom the sunshine cannot fall upon is sure to experience troublous times. If she have children they will die young.

To allow another girl to wear your engagement ring not only signifies that you are extremely foolish, but it also means that you will lose the one you love best, and who has promised to lead you to the altar.

Mardi Gras

This year's festivities at New Orleans occur February 21st to 27th. The preparations being made have never been equaled. Round trip tickets to Mobile and New Orleans via the

Queen & Crescent ROUTE

Will be on sale at One Fare for the Round Trip with liberal return limits. The train service is the finest in the South. Through Pullman Drawing-Room Sleeping Cars Cincinnati to New Orleans daily with out change. Vestibule Limited Trains, Cafe, Parlor and Observation Cars on day trains. Free Books and Maps.

W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Cincinnati.

OUR LINEN SALE

Will be continued

ALL NEXT WEEK.

The people have appreciated the quality of our Linens and the low price at which they are being sold. The assortment remaining is large, at the following prices:

10 pieces Brown Damask at 23c per yard.

5 " " " " 35c " "

10 Half Bleached—A Bargain, 49c per yard.

Bleached Damasks, 49c, 72c, 93c, \$1.19 and upwards. Good Bargains in Towels and Napkins

Notice We have received large shipments of Wash Goods, Laces and Embroideries this week, and are now on sale at popular prices. Our selections surpasses all our former efforts on these lines. We cordially invite your inspection.

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

A Wonderful Medicine. BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Bloatedness on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, etc. These ailments all arise from a disordered or abused condition of the stomach and liver. Beecham's Pills will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Sick Headache, Disordered Liver, etc., they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the Muscular System, restoring the long lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of Appetite, and arousing with the Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy of the human frame. For throwing off fevers they are specially renowned. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that Beecham's Pills have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World. This has been achieved without the publication of testimonials. Beecham's Pills have for many years been the popular family medicine wherever the English language is spoken, and they now stand without a rival.

10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're sick, or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take



CANDY CATHARTIC
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Painless, No Gripe, No Sickening, No Weakness, or Griping. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address: Burleigh Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 322a

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1893
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1897
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1900.

The man who was arrested on suspicion of having fired the shot which wounded Goebel had five revolvers in his possession, but this is no sign that he did the shooting. Every other man in Kentucky carries a variety of fire arms in order to be ready for sudden and unexpected emergencies.

It has remained for the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage to sum up the Robert's case in the fewest words with the plainest meaning. "If no house is big enough to hold three women married to one man," said Mr. Talmage in the course of a lecture in Chicago last week, "the national capitol is not big enough to hold one man married to three women."

The present tone of all the responsible English journals is that of the London Telegraph which points out that the immediate duty of the opposition is the support of the British government. "Parliament meets tomorrow in the greatest crisis within living memory," it says editorially. "Upon the wisdom or folly of the supreme council during the coming session will depend the fate of England. 'United we stand, divided we fall.' The House of Commons must do one of two things, close up the ranks or begin an attack on the government, which would simply mean a laceration of their own bowels."

The decision of the President to issue within thirty days a proclamation, extending amnesty to the Philippine insurgents and denouncing as outlaws and bandits all who do not avail themselves of its terms, was reached in consequence of General Otis's last reports, which show that no organized rebellion exists in the northern part of Luzon and that the only opposition found now is in the island south of Manila. General Schwan has been sent to conquer the enemy in this section, and has met with surprising success. It is expected that within less than thirty days General Otis will be able to report the complete pacification of the islands.

The Hanna-Payne shipping bill is now in the hands of the House committee on merchant marine and fisheries, of which General C. H. Grosvenor, of Ohio, is chairman, and also in the hands of the Senate committee on finance. At the public hearings upon the bill held by both these committees few opponents have appeared, and there is every indication that it will be favorably reported by each committee to its respective branch of Congress. The adoption of the bill before the close of the present session should be strenuously and constantly urged by all those who are sincerely desirous of bringing about the restoration of the American merchant marine.

The Gold Democrats who in 1896 supported the cause of honest money and who are anxious for an excuse to rejoin the party which they were compelled to abandon, will be interested in Burke Cockran's declaration that if Bryan will drop the silver issue and make the coming fight on imperialism, he will support him for the presidency, but the real out and out Bryanites need feel no anxiety on this score. The colonel has already declared that the issue of the dishonest dollar cannot be abandoned. There remain but one of two consequences: either the true Democrats must abandon the colonel, or the colonel must submit to a second drubbing more complete than that of 1896.

The bills which has just been introduced by Senator R. P. Bruce of the Virginia legislature for the purpose of breaking up the habit of pistol carrying, has peculiar significance just at this time when generalness of the habit in Kentucky makes it difficult to detect the shooter of William Goebel. Mr. Bruce says that the pistol carrying habit has reached a point where ordinary fines will not stop it. Out in the county bordering on Kentucky, where the senator lives, there are many miners, and nearly all of them carry pistols. Many people have been shot down in drunken rows. The only way to break up the practice all over the country is to adopt just such stringent measures as Senator Bruce proposes.

The treasury financial exhibits continue to be decidedly favorable to the financial policies of the administration and seem to prove conclusively that wise laws were passed by the last congress to make secure the national credit and strengthen the resources of the nation at these times when national expenditures are far above the normal. The receipts from customs during this month will rise about \$16,000,000, and from internal revenue probably \$20,000,000 will be obtained. The excess of receipts over expenditures thus far this month is about \$3,000,000. Notwithstanding the reductions in treasury balance by anticipation of interest payments and bond purchases

in advance, the available cash balance above the gold reserve of \$100,000,000 still remains at more than \$186,000,000.

The Railroad Gazette reports that according to estimates and facts already at hand, it appears that during the year ending December 31, more than 4,500 miles of new railroad have been built in the United States. There have been no figures like these since before the free trade blight fell upon the country through the election of Grover Cleveland to the presidency in 1892. Every one of those miles of new railroad was built in response to the demand of some new industry, to the increased demands for transportation facilities made by those industries already in existence and to which new life was given by the enactment of the Dingley law. Altogether, as the Gazette says, "the exhibit is a remarkable evidence of the widespread prosperity that has at last overtaken the country."

The shooting of William Goebel, Democratic claimant of the governorship of Kentucky, was the outcome of party passion, encouraged by the spirit of lawlessness which has allowed political warfare between the two great parties of the state to degenerate into personal strife and savagery. The shooter of Goebel was a cowardly assassin for whose villainous deed neither the Democrats or the Republicans are responsible. It detracts in no way from the justice and the injustice of the respective causes of the two parties who were endeavoring to determine their rights in a court of law by the accepted methods of civilization. Neither does it add a featherweight of blame or commendation to either contestant for the governorship. Kentucky's environment produced the murderer whose crime has disgraced and injured the entire country. Kentucky only is responsible.

THE NECESSARY LINK.

Perhaps we were rash in buying the wagon, and perhaps we ought not to have bought the horse, but having made those investments for better or for worse, let us not now hesitate about buying a set of harness. The way to justify expansion is to make the most effective possible use of what we have acquired. Our altered position in both oceans, coupled with the enormous recent increase of our foreign trade, must require a larger and more expensive navy henceforth than we have maintained in the past. A canal on our own soil, making it possible for us to use the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean sea as great naval centers from which our ships can have a quick and safe passage to the Pacific, will almost double the efficiency for defensive purposes of a given number of war vessels, and will accordingly save us enough on our yearly naval bills to meet all interest and sinking-fund charges on the cost of the canal. Viewed from the material standpoint and tested as a business proposition, the Nicaragua canal is as necessary to the completion of our new territorial, commercial, and strategic policies as the harness is necessary to the utilization of the horse and wagon. The indirect opposition that has made itself felt so powerfully at Washington comes, of course, in large part from transcontinental railroad interests. This is natural enough, and it is merely well that the public should know it. We have good reasons for going ahead, and in the end these transcontinental railroads themselves will be the richer for all the business developments that may follow from the construction of the interoceanic canal.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for February.

HOLBEN WAS NOT HURT.

But His Phaeton was Demolished in the Collision.

Jonathan Holben, a farmer residing near West Brookfield, was driving to Canton between 9 and 10 o'clock Monday night. He was at Seifert's hill, between Massillon and Reedurban, when a Massillon bound street car hove in sight. Mr. Holben, however, somewhat drowsy, did not notice the car until it was well upon him. Then he grasped a line and gave a hard tug. Instead of turning away from the track the horse sprang across it. The car struck the vehicle, demolishing it. Mr. Holben escaped uninjured. The horse ran to Massillon, where it was captured, and returned to Mr. Holben when he arrived a half hour later, on the car that had done the damage. Mr. Holben intended to spend Monday night in Canton, in order that he might be able to reach properly, east of Canton, at an early hour Tuesday. He left Massillon in a hired vehicle for that point this morning.

Rope Walking at Niagara.

The man who wanted to walk across Niagara Falls on a rope was wisely restrained by the authorities. Probably he is thankful that such was the case. Death comes soon enough. Take the inroads of disease for example. Common ailments like constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria and nervousness, do much to shorten life. There is a medicine that will cure these, if taken faithfully, and that is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Set the stomach right, and good health is sure to follow. This peerless remedy has a record of over fifty years of cures to back it up. When in need of a medicine of this kind, get the old reliable Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, with a Private Revenue Stamp over the neck of the bottle.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartics clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets, beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

THE BLOODHOUNDS

Canton's Council Gives Them Away.

THEY WERE WORTHLESS.

Electric Line Promoters Ask for Franchise Over County Roads—Garbage Plant to be Completed by May 1—Probate Court Notes.

CANTON, Jan. 30.—At Monday evening's session, the city council disposed of the much mooted question of the care of the three bloodhounds, recently purchased for the city by Mayor Robertson, by donating the animals to the county commissioner, at the same time declaring that the city had no use for them. The money for the purchase of the dogs was raised by popular subscription, to assist in running down the band of organized thugs that terrorized Canton during the fall. Final legislation was also enacted for the erection of a garbage plant in Canton. The plans for the latter call for its completion by May 1, 1900, but this is thought to be impossible.

Mrs. Margaret Stokely, by her attorney, J. P. Fawcett, has commenced an action for divorce from her husband, Prof. Chas. F. Stokely. The petition recites that for four years the defendant has been guilty of extreme cruelty, and that at times he was so brutal that plaintiff was obliged to leave her home for fear of bodily injury.

Wilson Graber, Lee Graber, Aaron Graber and Samuel Graber have begun suit in common pleas court against Adolph Shotton for \$23.81, alleged to be due on an account. W. S. Spidle represents the plaintiffs.

Exceptions to final account have been continued in the estate of John Whitmyre, of Lawrence township.

A marriage license has been granted to John Johns and Louisa Bruegger, of Sippo.

CANTON, Jan. 29.—The plants of the Columbia Iron and Wire Company and the Electric Cleanser Company, occupying the property known as the McCurdy foundry, located on the C. T. & V. road, at the foot of West Third street, were almost totally destroyed by fire Saturday evening, entailing a loss of \$12,000. The manager of the Columbia Iron and Wire works estimates the loss of that concern at fully \$8,000, with an insurance of but \$2,000. Messrs. Charles and Calvin Seemann, owners of the Electric Cleanser plant, and also owners of the building, lose \$4,000, on which they carried \$2,500 insurance. The fire is supposed to have originated from a large cannon stove located in a narrow passageway between the two plants.

Last week the Aultman company shipped a car load of machinery to Cuba, and a thirty ton ingot charger to Hamburg, Germany. A charger of the same weight will be shipped to Russia soon.

Canton's supply of natural gas was suddenly shut off at about 7 o'clock Monday morning. The inconvenience to residents who depend upon it solely as a source of heat is considerable.

The case of the city of Massillon against the C. M. E. Railway Company for the collection of the \$3,000 bond forfeited by the company's failure to extend its line to Navarre, as agreed, and which was on the assignment for trial before Judge McCarthy this afternoon, has been continued.

Will has been admitted to probate, and widower elects to take under will, in the estate of Mary M. Hensel, of Perry township.

Private sale of grain has been ordered in estate of Joseph Snively, of Bethlehem township.

Peter Martin Loses His Suit Against Peter Seil, of Massillon.

CANTON, Jan. 31.—In the case of Peter Martin vs. Peter Seil, the jury, Wednesday morning, in accordance with Judge Taylor's charge, returned a verdict for the defendant. The plaintiff contested the will of the late Gertrude Martin, of Massillon, housekeeper of the late Rev. James Kuhn, who, upon her death, bequeathed certain property to St. Mary's church. Peter Seil was sued as trustee of said church. Baldwin & Young and E. G. Willison represented the plaintiff.

The county commissioners have referred the matter of the new W. & L. E. trestle in Massillon, which is said to be so constructed as to endanger the lives and property of adjacent property holders, and which was recently referred to them by the city council of Massillon, to Prosecutor Day. The latter is looking into the question and will submit an opinion in a few days.

Peona Kipfer has begun suit against John Kipfer and Mary Kipfer for \$1,880, with interest from March 1, 1891. The plaintiff alleges that on the latter date she entered into a contract with the defendants in which the latter agreed, in return for the above named consideration, to provide the plaintiff during the rest of her life with a home, clothing, board and all ordinary necessities of life, and the defendants have failed to abide by such contract. Shetler & Bow filed the petition.

David Tinsler and Loftus Gray were arrested Tuesday evening, charged with having in operation a gambling device. E. G. Willison has been appointed administrator in the estate of Henry Swihart, of Massillon.

Will has been admitted to probate and citation to widow to elect ordered in the estate of Jacob Braucher, of Jackson township.

A marriage license has been granted to August Martin and Olivia Fisher, of Massillon.

DR. GARDNER RESIGNS.

Severs His Connection with the Cleveland State Hospital.

Dr. D. S. Gardner on Monday telegraphed his resignation as a member of the board of trustees of the Cleveland state hospital to the governor. He was impelled to the step by the fact that his Massillon practice was suffering through the frequent absences that his duties as a trustee required. Dr. Gardner was in Cleveland when he wrote the resignation, important matters in connection with the asylum having taken him to that city. The realization that he was more needed in Massillon than any other place under the sun was brought to him by the numerous calls by telegraph and long distance telephone. Dr. Gardner's term as a trustee does not expire until 1902. He was first appointed to serve out an unexpired term, and was then re-appointed for five years. The resignation is a matter of great regret to Dr. Gardner's colleagues, with whom his relations have always been pleasant and by whom he was held in the highest esteem as a man of excellent ability.

BURGLARS ARE BACK

Influence of the Bloodhound Shortlived.

TWO PLACES ARE ENTERED

How the Robbers Conducted the Masters Burglary is a Dark Mystery—Also Something Unusual About the Clauss Burglary—Booty Secured at the Masters Place Only.

Edward Clauss, son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Clauss, of 138 Richville avenue, spent Saturday night down street, returning home between 1 and 2 o'clock Sunday morning. He went to a window on the south side of the house, on whose sill, behind a shutter, his parents left the door key for him on nights when he was out late. Mr. Clauss threw back the shutter. The key was gone and the window was open. Raising himself to the sill, he was about to enter, when a revolver was thrust into his face and he was told to throw up his hands. Mr. Clauss dropped from his position to the ground, and then ran to the middle of the road and called loudly for help. He was careful, however, to place himself beyond revolver range, around the corner out of sight of the burglar. Neighbors were aroused by his shouts, and went into the house with him. The thief was gone, and so was the door key. Nothing else, however, was missing. The burglar had undoubtedly left through the door, which was found to be open, though there were indications that he had entered through the window. One theory is that the robber knew that the Clausses hid the key behind the shutter for their son and that he used the key to gain entrance. Another is that he came across the key accidentally while raising the window, and that he did not use it except in leaving.

When the members of the Masters family, residing on the Canton road, just beyond the eastern corporate limit, arose Sunday morning, it was to find the first floor in a topsy-turvy condition. Contents of drawers, closets and cases were littered about the floor, and one overcoat, a hat, two mufflers, a silk handkerchief, a pair of tan shoes and two pairs of men's gloves were missing. All the doors and windows were locked just as they were when the family retired Saturday evening. How the burglars entered is a mystery, but how they departed is more of one, for they left not a track behind them. They worked very quietly, for not a sound was heard by the sleepers, all of whom were on the second floor, during the entire night. No attempt was made by the burglars to enter the second story. There is a probability that they are the same men that entered the residence some time ago, on which occasion they may have possessed themselves of one of the door keys or taken an impression of the lock and had one made.

Both burglaries were reported to the police, but not until hours after they had occurred.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, January 26, 1900:

LADIES.

Polon, Miss Carrie Wilkes, Mrs. Gambell, Fred Link, Vernon Johnson, Chas. M. Murvello, R. D. Landis, H. C. Rippl, J. Supt. Woolen Mills.

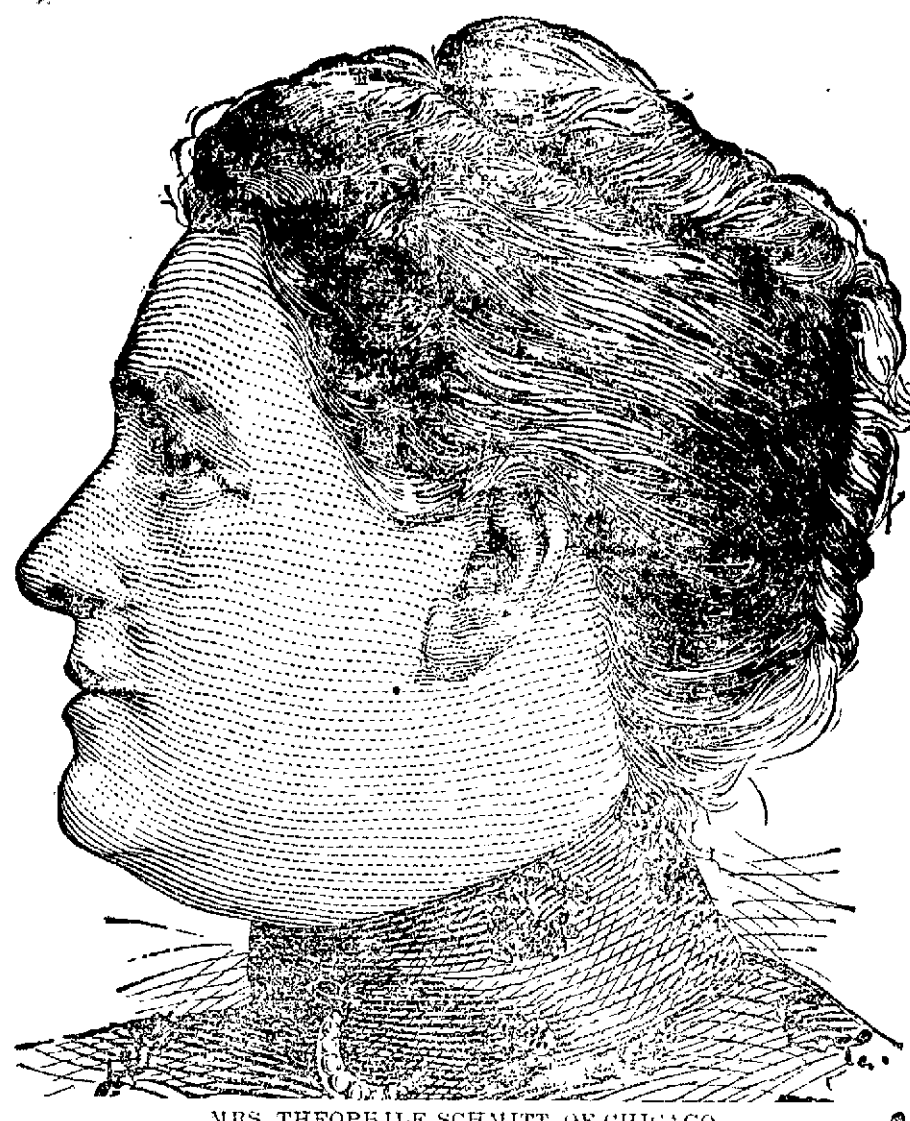
Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHELLEY, P. M.

"What's in a name?" Everything, when you come to medicine. When you get Hood's Sarsaparilla you get the best money can buy.

WOMEN FEAR LA GRIPPE AND CATARRH.

Pe-ru-na a Reliable Protection.



MRS. THEOPHILE SCHMITT, OF CHICAGO.

Mrs. Theophile Schmitt, wife of the Ex-Secretary of the German consulate, writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman, from 3417 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill. Mrs. Schmitt says: "I suffered this winter with a severe attack of la grippe, and having repeatedly heard of the value of Pe-ru-na in such cases I thought I would try it. I used it faithfully and began to feel a change for the better the second day, and in the course of a week I was very much improved. After using three bottles I not only found that the grippe had disappeared, but my general health was much better. I am satisfied that Pe-ru-na is a wonderful family remedy and gladly endorse it. Yours, Mrs. Theophile Schmitt."

Mrs. M. E. Wheeler, Rockford, Tenn., writes: "I am very glad to write you that I am in every way cured of catarrh with which I have been troubled for ten years or more. I feel very grateful to you for curing my catarrh, as it was a very stubborn case. I have felt no symptoms of the catarrh for over a year. If you think this letter will be of any use to suffering humanity you may use it."

La grippe is acute, epidemic catarrh. There is no remedy in the world that meets this form of catarrh as thoroughly as Pe-ru-na. During the first stages of la grippe Pe-ru-na is an unfailing remedy. People who have had la grippe and have partly recovered, but remain half sick, will find Pe-ru-na exactly suited to their case. There is no remedy devised that will so quickly and thoroughly dispel the disagreeable and serious after-effects of la grippe as Pe-ru-na.

The leading actors and actresses of this country have come to regard Pe-ru-na as indispensable to their success.

Mlle. Jane Delorme, the famous chanteuse from the Folies Bergere, Paris, says: "Pe-ru-na forever, say I. 'I have tried many so-called cures for various catarrhal affections, but none afforded the immense relief that Pe-ru-na has. Indeed it has effected a cure. I regard it as the most essential article on an actress' toilet table.'—Mlle. Jane Delorme, of New York City."

All women praise Pe-ru-na after one trial. It is safe to say that no woman ever took one bottle of Pe-ru-na who did not become a life long advocate of this remarkable remedy. Never was a medicine devised of so much value to women. A book, "Winter Catarrh," sent free by Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

Fred Kegler Injured at Lorain.

The Lorain Herald of Monday contains the following account of an accident to Fred Kegler, formerly a resident of this city: "This morning while ex-Policeman Fred Kegler was making a coupling between two cars at the steel plant he was caught by the bumpers and badly injured. He was picked up, and after being examined by a physician was taken to the hospital. No bones are broken, but it is believed he is internally injured. His condition is serious, but it will be impossible to determine the extent of his injuries until tomorrow sometime."

Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made and that, too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery by purchasing a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night, and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hammick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltz's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00; every bottle guaranteed.

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering eighteen months from rectal fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. 25c a box. Sold by Z. T. Baltz, druggist.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. "See a box."

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Items of Interest Gathered by Our Representatives.

A pension of \$12 has been granted William H. Tritt, of this city.

The C. L. & W. is increasing its yard facilities at Lorain by laying four new tracks.

The Presbyterian church at Leetonia was totally destroyed by fire Friday afternoon.

Don't fail to hear the Rock Band Concert at the Presbyterian church Monday evening, February 5.

E. R. Kinney, pattern maker at the W. & L. E. shops, Norwalk, has been granted a patent for an automatic journal roller for locomotive axle journals.

Roy Brunny, who sustained injuries while at work at Coxey's quarry recently, is rapidly recovering. Mr. Brunny is at the home of his parents, in this city.

Because his wife procured a divorce on the grounds of drunkenness, J. W. Painter, a Newark farmer, committed suicide on Monday by taking laudanum.

Miss Elizabeth Brown, who is conducting a series of revival meetings at the A. M. E. Zion church, is having gratifying success. Miss Brown is the guest of Mrs. Bowman.

John G. Buss, well known to Massillonians as the proprietor of the famous Buss house, at Navarre, has purchased the Aikens livery stable in Canton, where he is now located.

Lord cottage at Oberlin burned at an early hour yesterday morning, causing a loss of \$50,000. Sixty-five young ladies boarded at the cottage, all of whom escaped without injury.

The choir of the Christian church gave a sacred song service on Sunday at the state hospital, which was highly appreciated by all present. Services were conducted by the Rev. F. H. Simpson.

Two hundred and eighty fat cattle were shipped from Findlay, Saturday, their ultimate destination being Durban, in South Africa. They were purchased by an agent of the British government.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Graze entertained about thirty friends at their home, in High street, Monday evening, in honor of their tenth wedding anniversary. Dancing and cards were the amusements of the evening.

Dr. P. J. Callahan, aged 61 years, who had practiced medicine in Alliance since 1862, died very suddenly at his home on Friday night from blood poisoning, the result of an operation performed upon him by a Youngstown surgeon.

John Mitchell, of Akron, and Miss Alice Ney, of McDonaldsville, were married by the Rev. L. H. Hurry at St. Paul's parsonage on Sunday morning at 8:30. Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell will live for the present in McDonaldsville.

At the Baptist church the special services are continuing every evening. Seven were baptized last Sunday evening and others are to be baptized next Sunday evening. A very cordial invitation is extended to all. John C. Ford, pastor.

Fred Roche, the C. L. & W. brakeman who had both legs crushed by being run over by a train at Tunnel Siding, Friday night, died Sunday night at Flushing hospital, whither he was removed soon after the accident. — (Crisisville Chronicle.)

R. M. Cherrie & Company, of Chicago, who claim to be manufacturers of staples in iron, steel and wood, have written to Mayor Wise to ask what inducements Massillon will offer to have the concern locate in this city. The communication has been referred to the board of trade.

August Martin and Miss Olivia Fisher were married in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives, in St. Mary's church, by the Rev. H. V. Kaempker, at 10 o'clock this morning. The couple was attended by Carl Fisher and Miss Caroline Lux. Mr. and Mrs. Martin will reside in Short East street.

St. Stephen's church at East Liverpool was completely destroyed by fire early Saturday morning. The loss is \$15,000, insurance \$4,000. Two years of unceasing labor on the part of the rector, the Rev. Edwin Weary, and the congregation had just freed the church from debt. Steps toward rebuilding will be taken immediately.

The C. L. & W. station, at Elyria, caught fire, presumably from an electric wire, at 7 o'clock Monday evening, and was burned to the ground. The structure was a wooden one, two stories in height, and was one of the most elegantly equipped and appointed along the road. A portion of the station records were saved, but the greater part destroyed.

Representative Snyder will introduce a bill in the general assembly providing that the jury commissioners of Stark county shall be allowed six days annually in which to do their work, instead of three days, and be paid for the time at the rate of three dollars per day, instead of three days, as under the present law. The bill is in the nature of an amendment to section 5162 1/4 of the revised statutes.

Pennsylvania mail train No. 7, passing through Massillon at 11:15 a. m., struck a handcar, east of Orrville, Wednesday morning. Four men were on the car, the foreman, Joseph Dye, being the only one injured. He was badly cut about the face and hands. The escape of the men from serious injury is regarded as miraculous, as the train was running at a high rate of speed. Members of the gang resided in Orrville.

The Mullins Company, of Salem, is at work on a monument to be erected in the public square at Pretoria, the capital of the Transvaal republic. The monument is to commemorate the victory of the Boers over the Jameson raid-

ers. It is said the Mullins Company was to have the contract for all the metal work in the palace of justice, including twenty statues, but the present war put a stop to work on the building.

IN OLD KENTUCKY.

A Friend of Goebel on Blue Grass Politics.

"DID THEY KILL TAYLOR?"

That Was His First Remark This Morning—Colonel Byland Proud of His State's Horses and Whisky, But Convinced That Its Square Miles Should be Divided.

"Did they kill Governor Taylor during the night?" Inquired Colonel Frank Byland, a Hotel Sailer guest from Covington, Kentucky, Wednesday morning. He expressed surprise when he heard that they had not. He had predicted such an occurrence the night before. Mr. Byland is a Democrat, and he sells whisky for the Old Dexter Distilling Company, one of the institutions that has made the blue grass state famous.

"Taylor was probably pretty careful of himself," continued Mr. Byland, "for they must be having high times down there at present. I don't know what the old state's coming to. The end of this trouble is not yet. The papers say that Frankfort is filling up with all sorts of people, and it would not be a great surprise to me if lines were to be drawn so tightly there as to result in wholesale bloodshed. Civil war in the state is not too much to expect, as anyone who knows the brand of politics we keep down there will say. And yet the killing of Goebel can hardly be regarded as a surprise. Threats have been made openly that he would never be permitted to take the governor's seat, and newspapers have said things that made the attempted assassination an almost matter of course."

"Doesn't it seem, Colonel, as if old Kentucky is fast reaching a point where she'll no longer be able to take care of herself?" was asked.

"That's a question I'd rather not talk much about," replied the colonel. "Kentucky is my native state. But I'll tell you that personally I don't think it would be a bad thing if that suggestion, that the state be left to exist in history only and its square miles be divided among its neighbors should be carried out."

Colonel Byland is a fellow citizen of Goebel, who resided in Covington for many years, and they are well acquainted. He has followed the Taylor-Goebel controversy all along, but so complicated has it been to him that the closest study has not revealed the true claimant. Mr. Byland's description of the last election day in Kentucky gives one a very fair idea of a red hot time in a red hot state. Militia drawn up about the polls to insure the lives of voters, the wild scenes when the ballots were being counted, the deadly work of the mountainier sharpshooters over election quarrels, the commencement of feuds over political differences, the methods employed to intimidate 10,000 alien voters, and so much more that one no longer wonders why the Sunday-school associations are sending missionaries into the land. Colonel Byland is proud of his state's horses and whisky, but he blushes for her in some other respects.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

JEREMIAH HARTMAN.

Jeremiah Hartman died at his home at 102 1/2 Jarvis avenue shortly after 6 o'clock Wednesday morning. Mr. Hartman had been ill with the grip for about two weeks, but did not become bedridden until Sunday. Funeral services will be held at the Reformed church at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon, the Rev. O. P. Foust officiating. The members of Lincoln Council, Junior Order of American Mechanics, with which the deceased was connected, will attend the funeral in a body. Burial will take place at Hartsville on Friday. Mr. Hartman leaves a wife and two daughters, Misses Estella and Flossie Hartman. The deceased was 48 years old, and was born on a farm south of Hartsville. He was married to Caroline Brumbaugh in 1871, and eleven years later they removed to Massillon. Mr. Hartman was employed as a blacksmith by Hess, Snyder & Company.

MRS. CATHERINE FUCHS WILMES.

A telegram announcing the death of Mrs. Catherine Fuchs Wilmes, aged 20 years, daughter of Mrs. Catherine Fuchs, of this city, was received from Allegheny last night. The cause of death was typhoid fever. The body will probably arrive in Massillon tonight. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

MISS MAMIE OVERTON.

Miss Mamie Overton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Overton, formerly residents of Massillon, now of Canton, died on Sunday. The funeral announcement will be made later.

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. E. J. E. of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved,—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by Z. T. Baitley, druggist. Guaranteed.

RAILWAY PLANS.

President Lynch Makes a Statement.

WANTS A FRANCHISE SOON

What the Canton-Massillon Company Proposes to Do—Contemplated Asking for a Franchise for Line to Brookfield and Greenville.

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT:

Some time since, on behalf of the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Co., I had a conference with the city council of Massillon, in executive session, regarding the plans of the company in respect to its Massillon line, the Navarre extension and other matters. I asked for no action at the time, but desired that the members should counsel freely with the citizens and be prepared at a later date.

Judging from what I have seen in the papers and otherwise learned, a great deal of misapprehension has arisen, and as we expect in the near future to again appear before the city council and ask for definite action, I think it is due to the citizens of Massillon and to ourselves that we define our position, so that no one will mistake it.

As is well known, the tracks in Massillon, like those in Canton, require reconstruction and during that process the gauge should be changed from four feet to four feet, eight and one-half inches, the reasons for which need not be enlarged upon. Several years ago, when financial affairs were easy, we obtained a franchise to build a line between Navarre and our South Massillon line, but before the work could be undertaken the financial revolution intervened, rendering it absolutely impossible for us to go on with that work. This we frankly stated to the council and the public. Affairs having changed, we now propose taking up that work, and if the necessary franchises can be acquired, completing it during the coming summer.

It will be necessary to obtain a franchise from the village of Navarre, and we intend making application for this without delay.

What we ask of the city of Massillon is a change in the franchise so that it shall date from this time instead of from the date of its original grant, and to run thence for a period of twenty-five years. When the line to Navarre is built and connected with the Massillon line, and also connected with the track located near the Massillon state hospital, we ask for the cancellation of the bond which was originally given to the city. Meanwhile request that the suit upon the bond shall be dismissed, as otherwise the court will insist upon the case being tried.

We consider the extension of the franchise a very reasonable request upon our part. It certainly is a necessary step to be taken, as the plan contemplates a change of gauge, and as this must be done in both cities, and between them, we cannot proceed until corresponding legislation be taken in both cities. This has been a source of considerable delay, but we believe now matters have approached a condition where the necessary rights can be obtained in time for the commencement of work upon the opening of spring.

The whole matter is very simple and the above statement covers it, and we do not see any reason why the citizens, or their representatives in council, should not concur in our plans.

There is another matter growing out of the application of Messrs. Townsend and his associates for certain franchises in and about the city of Massillon. When this was first called to our attention, we took the position and announced it to the council that we would not in the slightest degree seek to obstruct them or any other parties, from building any lines, or obtaining any rights therefor, which the city saw fit to grant, and that we would observe a strictly neutral position. Notwithstanding any and all statements to the contrary, [this we have done.]

Some two or three weeks ago Mr. Townsend interviewed us upon the subject of the construction of an additional line on West Main street, from Wooster road to the center of the city, and wished to know if he would consent to the moving over of our track to allow this being done. We said we thought that two independent roads on that street, with the necessary passing tracks for each, would be found very objectionable, and said that inasmuch as we proposed the coming season to widen our track to a standard gauge, they might consider the plan of the use of our track from the Wooster road to the center of the city by their cars. He explained to us that it was their plan to build a road from Barberton, through Doylestown, Fulton, North Lawrence, Greenville and Brookfield to Massillon, which they assured us from their study of the country, would give a very large traffic, and enable them to put over our line a large number of passengers. To consider this plan and to formulate a proposition, a meeting was arranged between Mr. Townsend and some of his associates, some of the principal Massillon stockholders in our road and myself, with a view of arriving at a settlement of the question. This meeting was held. To our great surprise, Mr. Townsend announced an entire change of plan, to the effect that their main line would be built from Barberton directly to Massillon, by way of Millport, entering Massillon on the north upon streets independent of

our lines. To this, of course, we had no objection. He then said he wanted to build a side line from Massillon to the west, through Brookfield and as far as Greenville. As this would largely diminish the number of passengers they had theretofore proposed bringing to our line, of course, our id as of a proposition were materially altered. We nevertheless made a proposition which we thought would be reasonable, even for this limited, and very much reduced traffic. He made a counter proposition, which we felt could not for a moment be considered, as it would not begin to compensate us for the increased responsibility for damages from personal injuries likely to arise from the joint use of one track by two companies, and there the matter rested.

Now in regard to a line from the center of Massillon to Brookfield and Greenville. For a long time our company has contemplated taking up that work, but we were not in a position to promise it, and therefore have never definitely proposed it or asked for a franchise. We believe that we will be able to undertake it during the present year, but at this time cannot make a positive promise. This being the case, we have not interfered and do not intend to interfere with its being undertaken by Mr. Townsend. But there is one view of it which we think is just and which should be considered by the public and the authorities. Should that line or any other line be tied up indefinitely on behalf of any party without a positive assurance of prompt construction? If we were in a position today to undertake the work, we would ask for a franchise from the city and the county commissioners upon the plan that if we do not within so many months, say by May 1st, begin the work in good faith and prosecute it, so as to insure its construction and have it finished by a future day to be named in the franchise, the franchise should be forfeited. Now, if other parties are prepared to take hold of the work and do it, we say give them a franchise limited in this manner.

If we ever ask for a franchise over that line we will accept it on these conditions, and as indicated above we believe we will be in a position to do it within a short time, probably before spring opens. But if we should not be allowed to tie up the line, should anyone be allowed to do so? We therefore submit that whoever receives that franchise, they should take it with conditions based upon an early commencement and the actual expenditure of money, and such an actual expenditure as will give evidence of good faith and ability to finish the work within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the public authorities.

To set at rest the claim that is being made that our company is obstructing this new undertaking, we say now that we will agree with these parties, or any responsible parties, that if they will accept a franchise properly limited we will give them the joint use of our West Main street tracks from the center of the city to Wooster road, upon terms to be fixed by arbitration, if they and we cannot agree. This will enable them to build their road with a positive assurance of getting into the city over our track when the gauge is changed, upon a reasonable basis.

As all our efforts in the past have been mis-constructed, it seems unnecessary for us to make any further offers in advance of the construction of the work on this proposed line.

WM. A. LYNCH,
President Canton-Massillon Electric Ry. Co.
CANTON, O., Jan. 31, 1900.

THE STRIKE IS ENDED.

Practically All of Reed & Company's Boys go to Work.

All of Reed & Company's glass factories are in operation today, and it is the intention to also work tonight. The strike of the carrying-in boys is ended. Most of them have accepted the old wage of 60 cents a day, and are back at their usual places.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Pettigrew Wants Aguinaldo's Statements on the Records.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—[By Associated Press]—Senator Pettigrew attempted to get into the records the statement of Aguinaldo concerning the recognition promised the Philippines by Admiral Dewey. Senator Hawley objected, characterizing the motion as treasonable. Senator Spooner said the statement of a man in arms against the United States had no right to a place in the Senate records.

"It is an Ill Wind That Blows Nobody Good."

That small ache or pain or weakness is the "ill wind" that directs your attention to the necessity of purifying your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then your whole body receives good, for the purified blood goes tingling to every organ. It is the great remedy for all ages and both sexes.

Dyspepsia — "Complicated with liver and kidney trouble, I suffered for years from dyspepsia, with severe pains. Hood's Sarsaparilla made me strong and hearty." J. B. Emerson, Auburn, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-purifying and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WAS TOLD TO WAIT.

Council Refuses Railway Company's Request.

THE NEW ROUTE DEFINED.

It Does not Meet with the Approval of the West Side Members, Who Defeat a Resolution to Take the Preliminary Step—Other Business of the Special Session.

The city council, at its special Tuesday evening session, all members present except Mr. Weller, gave the new Barberton, Doylestown & Massillon electric railway company a dash of cold water. President D. King, of Canal Dover, A. E. Townsend, of Doylestown, and William Garver, of Canal Dover, represented the company. They presented a petition praying that the council advise for bids for three weeks from persons desiring to construct and operate a line beginning at the northern corporate limit on Mill street and running over Cherry, Erie, West Main and Wooster streets to the western corporate limit.

This is the first legal step in the matter. The bids should state what fare will be charged, and the proposal having the lowest figure should be accepted. In doing this the council would not have obligated itself in any manner, but would merely have gotten the matter into tangible form before the people. But the resolution authorizing the clerk to attend to this advertisement was defeated. Messrs. Kouth, Lewis and Reay voting no. The matter will probably be taken up again at the next regular meeting. Before the vote was taken Mr. Townsend announced that more than the required number of consents of property holders had been secured. He said that his company would prefer to enter Massillon over the lines of the Canton-Massillon Company, but that the latter's lowest figure for the privilege of accepting their cars was three cents for each passenger. Considering that an eight-cent round trip rate is to be instituted between here and West Brookfield, he declared that such a proposition was unreasonable and out of the question.

An ordinance establishing a grade in North West street was passed, the rule requiring three readings being suspended, on motion of Mr. Smith. A resolution by Mr. Smith to make a fill on North West street was also adopted, Mr. Johns voting no. It was stated that about 10,000 cubic yards of earth would be needed to make the improvement, and that the total expense would be from 25 to 30 cents a yard, about one-half of which will be borne by H. H. Everhard, in consideration that the earth be removed from the Warthorn quarries. Mr. Johns's ground for objecting to the resolution was that the city had established the grade and that it ought not to proceed with the improvement until it was certain that Mr. Shuster, for whose special benefit the street is to be filled, was ready to begin improving the property on either side of the street. Mr. Shuster proposes to erect a brewery and residence at this point.

The report of Solicitor Young and ex-Solicitor Willison on the Culbertson \$300 damage claim, recommending that it be settled for \$100, was adopted. Mr. Kouth voted no. The first motion was by Mr. Kouth and was to place the report on file. Mr. Johns's offered an amendment to adopt the report and settle the case. The motion in its amended form carried.

Illness prevented City Clerk Seaman from attending the meeting. To conform with the law, Mr. Johns was chosen as Mr. Seaman's substitute. Ex-City Clerk J. C. Haring, however, acted in that capacity, in order that Mr. Johns might participate in the discussions. The latter is nevertheless responsible for the minutes of the meeting.

NEARBY TOWN NEWS

A POOR COUGH REMEDY.

WEST LEBANON, Jan. 31.—Quarterly meeting services were conducted in the M. E. church Saturday and Sunday, the presiding elder, the Rev. Mr. Knapp, of Wooster, having charge.

Mrs. Blacksten is now staying with her grandchildren, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Snyder.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howenstine died last Thursday.

William Klet has accepted the position of night nurse for Cooper Chidester, the aged blacksmith residing in Shenandoah valley, a thriving little settlement two miles east of this place. Some time ago this paper gave a short history of Mr. Chidester. He is nearing the five score year mark, and is suffering from a very severe cold, in addition to the infirmities of old age.

David Misner was called to Millersburg last week on account of the death of his mother. While there, and suffering with a severe cold, he, by mistake, drank a quantity of spirits of turpentine and hog's lard, thinking it a cough remedy. Luckily the mixture contained more lard than turpentine and he has about recovered.

Samuel McFarren and Daniel Spangler have sold their drilling outfit to Andrew Rudy.

OUR NEWMAN LETTER.

NEWMAN, Jan. 31.—John Kerstetter, who left here thirty years ago to locate in Michigan, visited his old home last Saturday in company with his brother, David.

T. L. Lewis is to be congratulated on his election as vice president of the miners' national organization. It proves his ability in conducting a campaign, as we

are informed the administration slate was made out in favor of J. P. Reese, of Iowa. Mr. Lewis's election will cause a vacancy in the secretary-treasurer's office of the Ohio organization, which we believe could and should be filled by a man from the Massillon district, whose present postoffice address is Newman, O.

James W. Weidner, while driving in the Drake mine last Friday, got his foot caught by the car and received a bad squeeze.

Thursday of next week promises to be a gala day for Canal Fulton. Extensive arrangements are being perfected to make the sporting event a great success.

One noticeable feature of the miners' convention at Indianapolis is the increase in the officers' salaries. It was certainly a substantial advance, in some cases a round dollar per day. If the same ratio of advance could be secured for the miners then we would say amen to it, but the manner in which the operators are fighting gives evidence that a strike will have to enforce the desired advance. We believe that as a last resort, if a strike must come, the sooner it comes the better. It would be worse than folly to wait until the 1st of April to strike.

GOEBEL IS DYING.

Not Expected to Live Until Night.

MORE TROUBLE IS FEARED.

Governor Taylor Has Adjoined the Legislature, and Issued Warrants for the Arrest of Goebel Members on a Charge of Conspiracy—Search for the Assassin Abandoned.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

FRANKFORT, 1:30 p. m.—At 1 o'clock Senator Goebel was fully conscious, but realizing that the end was near asked that a minister be sent for. The Rev. Mr. Taliaferro, of the Methodist church, and Prison Chaplain Wallace were immediately summoned and remained with the dying man some time. Goebel then asked that a clergyman from the Christian church, living some distance in the country be sent for, and a messenger was at once dispatched for him. The office and stairways of the hotel are packed with people, waiting to hear the news which all know must soon come.

1:53 p. m.—Goebel is sinking slowly, and may die at any moment.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 31.—At 8:40 this morning Dr. Hume came from Goebel's room, and made the following statement: "I consider death a practical certainty within a very short time."

Search for the assassin has practically been abandoned. Whitaker, the man arrested yesterday, was taken to Louisville for safe keeping, but there is no evidence against him, farther than that he was in the building at the time of the shooting. The revolvers found on him when arrested were all loaded, and there were no signs that they had been discharged recently.

One thousand soldiers, with two Gatling guns, are stationed around the capitol, and eight hundred more militia will arrive today. Large crowds are arriving hourly, and telegrams have been sent in every direction advising people to keep away from the capitol. The report that martial law will be declared cannot be confirmed.

It is said the Republicans will disregard the seating of the contestants by the joint ballot, and will refuse to surrender their offices.

Owing to open threats against his life, Governor Taylor remained all night in the state house.

Governor Taylor has issued a proclamation adjourning the legislature to February 6, at which time it will convene at London. The Democrats refused to obey the proclamation and attempted to meet in the opera house, and later in the court house, but were prevented from doing so by troops. Members of the legislature were admitted to the capitol building, but were halted on the steps by soldiers, when Colonel Williams read the proclamation and presented each member with a printed copy. Shouts went up to go to the opera house, but the soldiers reached there first and barred the way. Republican members it is said will at once make ready to meet at London on the 6th.

Speaker Trimble has announced that the legislature will meet at his call. It is understood that if another attempt is made to hold a session all the members participating will be arrested.

Democratic members of the legislature say they cannot with safety go to London, as it is the center of the mountaineer Republicans, and for this reason they will refuse to obey the governor's proclamation. It is not expected that Goebel will live through the afternoon. His fever has increased, and the physicians have given up hope.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They make weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1.00. Guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Now is the time to subscribe.

FIXINGS FOR THE NECK.

The Dainty Little Trifles One Can Make at Home for Almost Nothing.

Fancy bows and neck fixings fill all the available space in the shops which is not occupied by silk waists, and it would seem from the number displayed as if they were to be purchased in dozens. But they are expensive little trifles if you buy them already made, but one can make them at home for almost nothing. There are bows attached to the collar bands, bows minus the band, as you choose, and bows made of lace in cascade and hourglass form. Kilted chiton bows are edged with narrow lace or ribbon, and others are made of thin silk in pale colors. Colored chiffons, as well as white and black, are used, and it is quite possible to get a collar-band and bow that will harmonize with any bodice. Silk bows are hemmed, with a row of embroidered insertion above the hem, and stocks tied around with a sailor knot are made of white silk with various colored polka dots.

I saw a charming new stock collar recently, made to be worn over the band of the dress. It was of silk and came up in two little points on either side, just back of the ears. The ends crossed in the back and passed through holes, like an ordinary stock, but the sailor tie had undulated ends with insertions of mousseline de soie. Instead of the regulation loop, or knot, or whatever the sailors call it, in front, the two ends go through what looks like a butterfly bow, a loop and two undulated ends with mousseline de soie insertion, which make one think of butterflies' wings.

The Louis Quinze bow that has been so fashionable for toques this winter is now appearing in neckwear. Many of the new stocks are hemstitched and have attached a four-in-hand that is hemstitched across the ends.

Cards and Calls.

Some card and calling rules that the present code of etiquette ordains are as follows: When calling on a person who is a visitor in a private house the caller must always ask and leave a card for the hostess also. When making a call on a young unmarried lady the visitor must ask and leave a card for the young woman's mother. A bride should be called on after her marriage by all the calling acquaintances of her and the groom's families who were invited to the wedding or received cards announcing it. Personal visits should not be returned by card unless there is some good reason for doing so. A hostess should call on a lady before inviting her to an entertainment, unless the latter owes a call to the entertainer. Cards with their home address on them can be exchanged by people who meet in traveling or visiting. If both parties wish to continue the acquaintance. Small cards with the baby's name engraved on them can be sent announcing a birth when the mother and baby are ready to receive visitors. Cards with a mourning border may be sent by those in affliction, acknowledging sympathy and kindness shown at the time of bereavement. Cards should be left by all their friends on those in affliction when a death occurs, and left later or a call be made on the mourners. It is proper to call on a young woman when her engagement is announced, and on people after their return from a long or foreign trip; on a mother after her daughter's wedding, and on a stranger who is visiting a friend. But we might go on ad infinitum and not be able to give all the minor points in card and calling etiquette. The rules and regulations mentioned are the principal ones, however, and generally accepted by those whose action sets the fashion in such matters. —Harper's Bazar.

Delft Morning Gown.

A delft morning gown is of white silk, with a curious swirling design in China blue. The front is straight and dartsless and opens at the left side. A big waltz-plait at the back is confined as far as the long yoke and then allowed to fall upon a full long train. There is a square bertha of old English lace six inches wide, and at the right side of the lace falls in full cascades to the bottom of the gown. The collar and full rosettes are of old blue velvet.

This gown, contrary to the prevailing way, is only lined as far as the waist with a lining that is snug fitting and carefully boned. A separate petticoat of China blue taffeta is worn with this morning toilet, and is allowed to show at the left side where the gown fastens. One might wish for a little more freedom in the snug fitting long sleeve, but the dressmakers say that the snug fitting sleeve has come to stay and may as well get used to it.

In all morning gowns care should be taken to select a pretty pattern, for the making is necessarily plain, and the gown depends for its elegance upon the dainty material. The figured silks are admirable for this.

Skirts Are Smaller.

Skirts have varied in circumference between four and one-half and eight yards around, but even in silks, brocades and fancy wools the stiff interlining so necessary to correct styles for seasons past is now wholly abolished, the exaggerated width very greatly modified and the stiff lining reduced to a narrow facing; and where silk linings are out of the question, one of their satisfactory substitutes, repped suraline and rustle percaline, is used by the modiste, with or without the moiree or haircloth facing. Four and one-half or five yards is now the limit of the best made skirts. The new flowers to be used this year for evening frocks are anemones, snowy lilacs, silver willow sprays, shaded velvet maidenhair fern fronds, clusters of scarlet pomgranates, hedge roses and foliage, calkins, witchhazel buds, edelweiss, four-o'clocks, chestnut blossoms and brilliant tropical leaves and blossoms.

Cleaning Vegetables.

Make a strong brine of one pound and a half of salt to one gallon of water. Into this place the vegetables, with the stalks uppermost, for two or three hours. This will destroy all the insects which cluster in the leaves, and they will fall out and sink to the bottom of the pan.

RHEUMATIC

Sufferers are often crutch-bound for years, kept so by dosing with potash and other mineral mixtures prescribed by physicians, which only add fuel to the flames. The digestive organs are ruined, and the patient is kept in a semi-helpless condition. A continuance of this dreadful disease not infrequently involves the vital organs, especially the heart, in which case it sometimes produces sudden death. Rheumatism is liable to attack all classes in one of its many varieties; no one is exempt from its ravages. It is not a local trouble, and people afflicted make a fearful mistake by using external applications, such as liniments, salves, electricity, etc., advertised to cure. The disease is due entirely to an acid poison in the blood, and the only positive and permanent cure known for this torturing malady is S. S. S. (Swift's Specific) which quickly searches the blood and expels all impurities through the proper channels—at the same time re-establishing the activity and healthfulness of every organ of the body, simultaneously driving the poison from the blood and the system.

Mr. D. R. Johnson, a prominent lumber manufacturer of Blackshear, Pierce Co., Ga., writes that his wife was attacked with a severe case of what the doctors termed neuritic rheumatism, and was given no hope for her recovery. He exhausted every means to cure her, consulted all the physicians within reach without being able to give her relief. She continued to suffer with this severe pain, running from under the left shoulder around and near her heart, for almost two years. After a short treatment with S. S. S. she was permanently cured. This was thirteen years ago.



S. S. S. CURES RHEUMATISM.



Mr. J. O. Malley, of 123 West Fifteenth Street, Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "I was afflicted with rheumatism for eighteen months and tried the skill of many good doctors, none of whom gave me the slightest relief. For one year I was absolutely helpless, being unable to dress or feed myself. I had in all fifty-two local prescriptions filled and refilled, that friends recommended, and which did no good whatever. While hobbling around on crutches, someone recommended S. S. S., and when two bottles were used I was able to dispense with one crutch, and continuing the treatment I was soon able to get around unsupported, and not long afterwards resumed my work without interruption since. This was five years ago."

There are so many cases of this disabling disease and we have so many requests for information concerning its nature, cure, etc., that we have just issued a booklet which will prove of interest to every sufferer. We wish to give this special treatise as wide a circulation as possible, and will mail a copy to any address, and invite the correspondence of the afflicted. Address THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

PEOPLE READ The Advertisements in a live NEWSPAPER!

Moral: Advertise in "THE INDEPENDENT".....

LION COFFEE

Used in Millions of Homes!

Accept no substitute
Insist on LION COFFEE, in 1 lb. pkgs.

These articles mailed FREE in
exchange for lion heads cut from
front of 1 lb. LION COFFEE pkgs.

Gold Collar Button.

Mailed free for 5 lion heads cut from Lion Coffee wrappers and a 2-cent stamp. Made of rolled gold and with mother-of-pearl back; suitable alike for ladies and gentlemen. This shape is handy and popular.



Daisy Neck-Pin.

Genuine Hard-Enamel
and Gold.

For 18 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. The illustration is only two-thirds actual size. Color a delicate pink, with jeweled setting, stylish and durable.

"The Lion's Bride."



Mailed free for 12 lion heads cut from Lion Coffee wrappers and a 2-cent stamp. An unusually true picture, from the brush of the noted German artist, Gabriel Max. It is founded on Chaucer's poem, "The Lion's Bride." The story is interesting, and we send with each picture a handsome folder, containing copy of the poem and telling all about it. Size, 15x25 inches.

"Dorothy and Her Friends."



A Bright, cheery picture.

For 8 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.

A bright, cheery picture, representing a little girl playing with her chickens and her rabbits. The predominating colors are rich reds and greens. Size, 14x25 inches.

For 10 lion heads and 2-cent stamp we will mail it, ready for hanging.

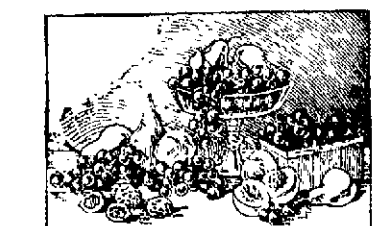
Stylish Belt-Buckle.

Handsomely gold-plated, with Roman finish, and set with truly colored jewel in the center. This will be welcomed for "dressed-up" occasions by the ladies who like to wear different colored sashes. The gold-finish goes well with any of them. Given for 20 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.

Ladies' Apron.

Made of good quality lawn with alternate reversing and rucks; broad hem at bottom and 8 neatly gathered at waist; a very superior and stylish article. Size, 36x40 inches. Given for 20 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.

Fruit Picture.



Size, 16x21 inches. Given for 8 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.

50-Foot Clothes Line.

Given for 15 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. Made of closely braided cotton threads, strong, and will give the best of satisfaction.

Big Cut on Fire Sale Prices

Our Jackets, Capes and Collarettes
Receive Another

"MARK DOWN"

If you want a Jacket, Cape or Collarette, now is the time to buy. There are not many left, and these must be sold.

Our Linens and Dress Goods have also received a Cut

Unbleached Table Linen worth 35c, 45c, 55c and 85c marked to sell at 22c, 31c, 45c and 63c.

Bleached Table Linen worth 55c, 75c, 85c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 marked to sell at 43c, 65c, 75c, 90c and \$1.10.

Napkins 95c a dozen and up.

Linen towels 6c, 7c, 10c, 15c and 22c.

We undersell all in Dress Goods. Is it any wonder that we are crowded daily

Crone's Fire Sale, 37 S. Erie, South of Opera House.

Remember

Our pharmacy contains every article pertaining to an "up-to-date" DRUG STORE. The purest and best drugs and pharmaceutical preparations, the finest Perfumes, the most modern Toilet preparations, and an immense stock of Toilet Soaps and Toilet requisites.

RIDER & SNYDER,

Pharmacists, No. 12 East Main St.

Latest News—Now is the time to Subscribe.

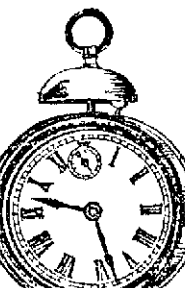
Best Coffee for the Money!

Try LION COFFEE and you will never use any other. It is absolutely pure Coffee and nothing but Coffee.

Mantel Clock.

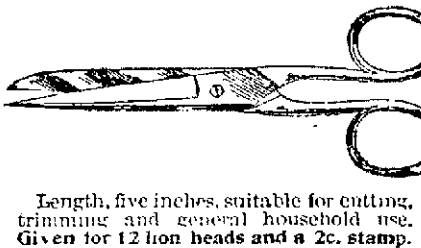


Alarm Clock.



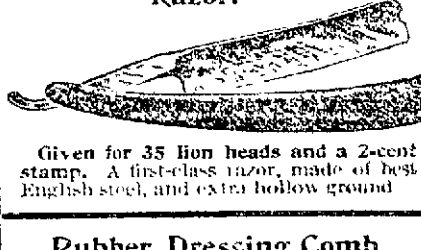
Sent by express, prepaid, for 80 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. When ordering either clock, please name your nearest Express Office, if there is no express office located in your town.

Ladies' Scissors.



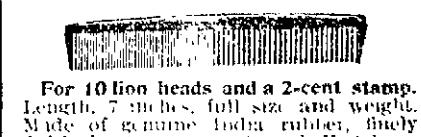
Length, five inches, suitable for cutting, trimming and general household use. Given for 12 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.

Razor.



Given for 35 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. A first-class razor, made of best English steel, and extra hollow ground.

Rubber Dressing Comb.



For 10 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp. Length, 7 inches, full size and weight. Made of genuine India rubber, finely finished. Appropriate for a ladies' dressing-case or for use in the household.

Game "India."



Similar to "Parquet" which has been played in eastern countries since before the dawn of history. The illustration shows plan of the game, with usual counters, dice and dice-cup accompanying it. A game which people never tire of playing. Given for 20 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.

Child's Drawing Book.

A collection of nice outline pictures bound into book form with sheets of tissue paper between. The leaves, in these tissue paper covers, the children can trace the pictures beneath, thus affording enjoyment, as well as instruction to the hand and eye. These drawing books and the box of crayons go very well together. There are six different kinds, and each drawing book requires 6 lion heads and a 2-cent stamp.

Naval Box Kite.



See It Fly! The celebrated box kite now so popular. Thirty inches long and comes safely folded, but can quickly be spread to fly. Every American boy wants one, and older persons also are interested. Mailed free for 40 lion heads cut from Lion Coffee wrappers and a 2-cent stamp.

Every time you buy a pound package of LION COFFEE you have bought something else, too. Don't overlook it! You have bought a certain portion of some article to be selected by you from our new Premium Lists!

THE ABOVE ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE LION COFFEE PREMIUMS. Another list will shortly appear in this paper! Don't miss it! The grandest list of premiums ever offered!

You always know LION COFFEE by the wrapper. It is a sealed package, with the lion's head in front. It is absolutely pure if the package is unbroken. LION COFFEE is roasted the day it leaves the factory.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

(When writing for premiums send your letter in the same envelope or package with the lion heads. If more than 15 lion heads are sent, you can save postage by trimming down the margin. Ask your grocer for large illustrated premium list. Address all letters to the

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

WARRANTS ISSUED.

Goebel Members to Be Arrested for Conspiracy.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 31.—[By Associated Press].—A special from Frankfort says that Governor Taylor is having warrants issued for the arrest of all the Goebel members of the legislature, charging them with conspiracy. A warrant is in the hands of Adjutant General Collier for the arrest of Speaker Trimble on the same charge, but the speaker cannot be found.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

The largest apple orchard in the world covers 1,337 acres in Fairmount, Pa.

A race horse galloping at full speed clears from twenty to twenty-four feet every bound.

In Italy there are more theatres in proportion to the population than in any other country.

In Middle Smithfield, Pa., there is a chestnut tree that measures nineteen feet in circumference four feet above the ground.

Statisticians prove that a single house, if may be one the progenitor of a family of 2,890,229 descendants in one season.

The largest check was one of £5,338,650, drawn on the Bank of England in payment for the Koh-i-noor diamond mines.

After 100 years the Rugby (Conn.) settlement started by Thomas Hughes and other Englishmen has only 1,200 inhabitants.

In one of his astronomical lectures Prof. Pickens said that 300,000 worlds the size of our earth could be stored inside of the sun.

The United States report says that if all the houses in England were placed side by side they would cover a space of 450 square miles.

The coldest place in North America is at the mouth of the Mackenzie River, where the temperature is often as low as 70 degrees below zero.

After the Franco-German war it was calculated that the proportion of killed to the bullets spent in endeavoring to kill them was as 1 to 1,300.

The city of San Salvador, capital of the Central American republic of the same name, is called the Swinging Mat, on account of its numerous earthquakes.

Statisticians aver that since bicycling has become a popular pastime, the rubber trade, in consequence, has risen probably \$7,000,000 within the last eighteen months.

M. Lupin, who died the other day at the age of eighty-four years, was the father of a large fortune. He inherited a large fortune from his father, a manufacturer in the Department of the Aisne, and began to keep race horses as far back as 1855, just about the time when the French Derby was founded by the Duc d'Orleans, Lord Henry Seymour, and one or two other sportsmen, who had recently created the Paris Jockey Club.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Spargous Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y.

BRYAN WAS MUCH SHOCKED

He said He Hoped Democrats Would Not Let Excitement Lead Them to Violence.

Boston, Jan. 31.—At the close of the reception in his honor, given by the Democratic state committee in Faneuil hall, William J. Bryan was shown the dispatch announcing that Senator Goebel, of Kentucky, had been shot. Mr. Bryan made the following statement:

"It is shocking, shocking. I trust that the shot will not prove fatal. Mr. Goebel made a great fight against fierce opposition, and feeling was wrought up to a high pitch, but I had no thought of assassination being resorted to. 'It probably was the individual act of some bitter political opponent. I cannot assume or believe that any considerable number of Republicans or anti-Goebel Democrats would counsel or excuse such an act.

"I sincerely hope the Democrats will not allow excitement or resentment to lead them to acts of violence. We can afford to permit the Republicans to enjoy the monopoly of force and threats. Let the law deal with those who violate the law."

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called Grain-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about as much. All grocers sell it, 15c and 25c.

"Experience is the Best Teacher."

We must be willing to learn from the experience of other people. Every testimonial in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla is the voice of experience to you, and it is your duty, if your blood is impure and your health failing, to take this medicine. You have every reason to expect that it will do for you what it has done for others. It is the best medicine money can buy.

Hood's Pills are non-irritating, mild, effective.

Use Swallow



(Not a bird)

Or rather one dose of TONSILINE will relieve and a couple more will cure that Sore Throat.

Good judgment impels those who have used it to always keep Tonsiline in the house.

SORE THROAT
QUINSEY and CROUP

Don't send warning when they are coming. TONSILINE should always be kept on hand for these dangerous enemies. 25 and 50 cents at all druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa

Costs less than One Cent a cup.

Be sure that the Package bears our Trade-Mark.

A Perfect Food. Pure, Nutritious, Delicious.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited.

Established 1780.

DORCHESTER, MASS.

LORD SALISBURY'S DEFENSE

Admitted Evils in the Army System, but Said Lack of Funds Was Responsible.

London, Jan. 31.—The seventh session of the Fourteenth parliament of Queen Victoria opened at 2 p. m. The commons were called to the house of



GENERAL PRETORIUS.

A noted Commander Among the Boers. The conduct of the war was attacked by opposition leaders and defended by the government leaders. Lord Salisbury, in the house of lords, admitted evils in the present system, but urged a dire lack of funds was responsible.

The Irish Nationalists held a meeting and decided to unite for action in parliament, on behalf of the Boers. The Morning Leader expert thinks all attention now will be turned to pressing the campaign against the Orange Free State.

Jonathan Orr Killed.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 31.—Jonathan Orr, a prominent citizen of Port Royal, Juniata county, while walking on the Pennsylvania railroad tracks near his home, was struck by an engine and instantly killed. He was 60 years of age and unmarried.

TODAY'S MARKETS

Latest Reports from the Centers of Trade.

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by T. E. Drake's exchange:

NEW YORK.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar	120 1/2	121 1/4	117 3/4	118 1/2
American Tobacco	100 1/2	102 1/4	100 1/2	101 1/2
Johnson & Co.	61	62 1/2	60 1/4	61 1/2
U. S. Steel	123 1/2	124	122 1/4	123 1/2
Federal Steel	53 1/2	54 1/4	52 1/4	53 1/2
Manhattan	95 1/2	96 1/4	94 1/4	95 1/2
Isaacson & Co.	44 1/2	45 1/4	44 1/4	44 1/2
L. S. & N. S.	70 1/2	71 1/4	70 1/4	70 1/2
Northern Pacific (pfd)	70 1/2	71 1/4	70 1/4	70 1/2

CHICAGO.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat	68 1/2	69 1/4	67 1/2	68 1/2
May	68 1/2	69 1/4	67 1/2	68 1/2
July	68 1/2	69 1/4	67 1/2	68 1/2
Barley	32 1/2	33 1/4	32 1/4	32 1/2
May	32 1/2	33 1/4	32 1/4	32 1/2
July	32 1/2	33 1/4	32 1/4	32 1/2
Corn	22 1/2	23 1/4	22 1/4	22 1/2
May	22 1/2	23 1/4	22 1/4	22 1/2
July	22 1/2	23 1/4	22 1/4	22 1/2
Pork	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 1/2
May	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 1/2
July	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/4	10 1/2
Lard	5 1/2	5 3/4	5 1/4	5 1/2
May	5 1/2	5 3/4	5 1/4	5 1/2
July	5 1/2	5 3/4	5 1/4	5 1/2

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—[By Associated Press].—Cattle steady; hogs \$4.00 @ \$4.25; hogs active, \$4.45 @ \$4.82.

TOLEDO, Jan. 30.—[By Associated Press].—Wheat, 72 1/2.

Dr. Whittier Dead.

CLEARFIELD, Pa., Jan. 31.—Dr. M. Gard Whittier, one of the most prominent and well-known and leading physicians in this section of the state, died at his home from blood poisoning after an illness of three weeks.

Kieyler's
COCOA
VANILLA CHOCOLATE (Pink Wrapper)
PREMIUM FAMILY CHOCOLATE (Blue Wrapper)
Are now for sale by all leading Grocers.
ONE TRIAL WILL CONVINCED THE PUBLIC OF THEIR
SUPERIORITY AS TO PURITY OF MATERIAL AND
DELICIOUSNESS OF FLAVOR.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 31.
WHEAT—No. 1 red, 55c; No. 2 red, 54c; No. 3 red, 53c; No. 4 red, 52c; No. 5 red, 51c; No. 6 red, 50c; No. 7 red, 49c; No. 8 red, 48c; No. 9 red, 47c; No. 10 red, 46c; No. 11 red, 45c; No. 12 red, 44c; No. 13 red, 43c; No. 14 red, 42c; No. 15 red, 41c; No. 16 red, 40c; No. 17 red, 39c; No. 18 red, 38c; No. 19 red, 37c; No. 20 red, 36c; No. 21 red, 35c; No. 22 red, 34c; No. 23 red, 33c; No. 24 red, 32c; No. 25 red, 31c; No. 26 red, 30c; No. 27 red, 29c; No. 28 red, 28c; No. 29 red, 27c; No. 30 red, 26c; No. 31 red, 25c; No. 32 red, 24c; No. 33 red, 23c; No. 34 red, 22c; No. 35 red, 21c; No. 36 red, 20c; No. 37 red, 19c; No. 38 red, 18c; No. 39 red, 17c; No. 40 red, 16c; No. 41 red, 15c; No. 42 red, 14c; No. 43 red, 13c; No. 44 red, 12c; No. 45 red, 11c; No. 46 red, 10c; No. 47 red, 9c; No. 48 red, 8c; No. 49 red, 7c; No. 50 red, 6c; No. 51 red, 5c; No. 52 red, 4c; No. 53 red, 3c; No. 54 red, 2c; No. 55 red, 1c; No. 56 red, 0c; No. 57 red, 0c; No. 58 red, 0c; No. 59 red, 0c; No. 60 red, 0c; No. 61 red, 0c; No. 62 red, 0c; No. 63 red, 0c; No. 64 red, 0c; No. 65 red, 0c; No. 66 red, 0c; No. 67 red, 0c; No. 68 red, 0c; No. 69 red, 0c; No. 70 red, 0c; No. 71 red, 0c; No. 72 red, 0c; No. 73 red, 0c; No. 74 red, 0c; No. 75 red, 0c; No. 76 red, 0c; No. 77 red, 0c; No. 78 red, 0c; No. 79 red, 0c; No. 80 red, 0c; No. 81 red, 0c; No. 82 red, 0c; No. 83 red, 0c; No. 84 red, 0c; No. 85 red, 0c; No. 86 red, 0c; No. 87 red, 0c; No. 88 red, 0c; No. 89 red, 0c; No. 90 red, 0c; No. 91 red, 0c; No. 92 red, 0c; No. 93 red, 0c; No. 94 red, 0c; No. 95 red, 0c; No. 96 red, 0c; No. 97 red, 0c; No. 98 red, 0c; No. 99 red, 0c; No. 100 red, 0c; No. 101 red, 0c; No. 102 red, 0c; No. 103 red, 0c; No. 104 red, 0c; No. 105 red, 0c; No. 106 red, 0c; No. 107 red, 0c; No. 108 red, 0c; No. 109 red, 0c; No. 110 red, 0c; No. 111 red, 0c; No. 112 red, 0c; No. 113 red, 0c; No. 114 red, 0c; No. 115 red, 0c; No. 116 red, 0c; No. 117 red, 0c; No. 118 red, 0c; No. 119 red, 0c; No. 120 red, 0c; No. 121 red, 0c; No. 122 red, 0c; 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